PROGRAMME 1

Strategic Objective 1.1		
Provide integrated busines Performance Indicator no 1	Performance Indicator no 1.1	
Indicator title	% increase in Year on Year MPAT total score	
Short definition	Calculating in percentage value the year on year difference in the total score achieved by NT for the annual DPME MPAT performance assessment.	
Purpose/importance	To improve departmental management practices in order to advance an efficient, effective and development – orientated public service.	
Source/collection of data	NT MPAT results report.	
Method of calculation	(Current year MPAT score - Previous year MPAT score) X 100 Previous year MPAT score	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Annually.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	1.5% increase in Year on Year MPAT total score.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Strategic Planning, Monitoring & Evaluation.	

Performance Indicator no 1.1.1	
Indicator title	Percentage completion of the business continuity strategy
Short definition	Percentage completion of items, per phase of completion as reflected in the Business Continuity Strategy.
Purpose/importance	To enable NT to increase its capability to respond to any existing, emerging or unidentified risks in an effort to achieve operational resilience.
Source/collection of data	Business continuity report recording business continuity items completed and reported as a percentage of phase 3. Business continuity items to be completed per phase and as a percentage of the phase to be completed as reflected in the business continuity strategy.
Method of calculation	Number of business continuity activities completed x100 Total number of business continuity activities planned
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	70% of Phase 3 of the Business Continuity strategy completed.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Risk Officer.

Performance Indicator no 1.1.2	
Indicator title	Percentage saved on the rand value budgeted for paper usage, travel and strategic sourcing
Short definition	Implementation of cost containment measures in respect of paper usage, travel and strategic sourcing.
Purpose/importance	To respond to cost containment measures and ensure maximum value received for funds spent; through strategic sourcing initiatives and other possible techniques.
Source/collection of data	A schedule of savings achieved.
Method of calculation	Savings achieved Total expenditure x100
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	1% year on year savings on goods and services in respect of paper usage, travel and strategic sourcing.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Financial Officer.

Strategic Objective 1.2

Ensure good governance and a sound control environment.

Performance Indicator no 1.2

Indicator title	Produce an Audited Annual Report
Short definition	The annual report reflects the operations, the performance information, the human resources' information and the financial affairs of the department for the financial year.
Purpose/importance	To inform the public about the operations, the performance information, the human resources' information and the financial affairs of the department.
Source/collection of data	Audited Annual Report published on the NT website.
Method of calculation	Simple count of the audited Annual Report.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Produce 1 Audited Annual Report.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Strategic Planning, Monitoring & Evaluation.

Performance Indicator 1.2.1	
Indicator title	Percentage completion of the approved risk-based IA Plan
Short definition	Conducting the planned assurance and consulting engagements on governance, risk management and control processes, and submit reports to relevant governance structures.
Purpose/importance	Assist NT to achieve its strategic goals by evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of the department's governance, risk management and control processes.
Source/collection of data	Internal Audit report of audits performed tabled at the Audit Committee against the approved risk based Internal Audit plan.
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Number of completed audits}}{\text{Total number of planned audits}} x 100$
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% risk-based internal audit plan implemented.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Audit Executive.

Performance Indicator 1.2.2	
Indicator title	Number of quarterly risk implementation assessment reports produced
Short definition	Manage the Department's risks to an acceptable level through producing quarterly risk implementation assessment reports.
Purpose/importance	Minimise the risks associated with the Department's strategic objectives and its operations to an acceptable level.
Source/collection of data	Implementation reports submitted to governance structures, such as the Risk Management Committee.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of risk assessment reports produced.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	4 quarterly risk implementation assessment reports produced.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Risk Officer.

Performance Indicator 1.2.3	
Indicator title	Number of quarterly reports on monitored performance of entities reporting to MOF
Short definition	Public entities quarterly reports reviewed and a report on the performance of entities is submitted to Minister for his consideration.
Purpose/importance	To ensure effective oversight over schedule 3A public entities reporting to Minister of Finance to ensure that they deliver on their mandated objectives.
Source/collection of data	Reports produced.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of quarterly reports on monitored performance of entities reporting to MOF produced.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	4 quarterly reports on monitored performance of entities reporting to MOF.
Indicator responsibility	Director: Public Entities Oversight Unit.

Strategic Objective 1.3

Provide support for strategic and performance management across the organisation

Performance Indicator no 1.3

Indicator title	Produce an APP
Short definition	The APP details the specific performance targets that the institution will aim to achieve in a particular financial year in pursuit of the strategic outcomes oriented goals and objectives set out in its Strategic Plan.
Purpose/importance	To detail the specific performance targets that the institution will aim to achieve in a particular financial year.
Source/collection of data	APP published on the National Treasury website.
Method of calculation	Simple count of APP produced.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Produce 1 APP.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Strategic Planning, Monitoring & Evaluation.

PROGRAMME 2

Strategic Objective 2.1

Build economic research capacity in academic research institutions with the objective of promoting relevant research

Performance Indicator no 2.1

Indicator title	Number of research institutions participating in building economic research capacity
Short definition	Promote the participation of research institutions in building economic research capacity.
Purpose/importance	Building participation of academic research institutions in promoting economic research capacity.
Source/collection of data	Relevant research papers that have been published by academic research institutions.
Method of calculation	Simple count of research institutions.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Research institution participating in building economic research capacity.
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Economic Policy. DDG: Tax and Financial Sector Policy.

Performance Indicator no 2.	1.1
Indicator title	Number of papers published in association with academic research
	institutions
Short definition	Research papers published in association with academic research
	institutions to promote macroeconomic stability, poverty alleviation,
	retirement reform and financial sector development, or as research needs
	arise.
Purpose/importance	Promote the development of economic research institutions through the
	funding of economic research on behalf of the department.
Source/collection of data	Research papers as published by the department in association with
	research institutions.
Method of calculation	Simple count of papers published in association with academic research
	institutions.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Publish 50 papers in association with academic research institutions.
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Economic Policy.
	DDG: Tax and Financial Sector Policy.

Strategic Objective 2.2

Provide policy advice on the financial sector

Performance Indicator 2.2

Indicator title	Number of policy advices on the financial sector provided
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Short definition	Providing policy advice on the financial sector in relation to the
	regulatory framework and supporting legislation.
	The objective for policy is to make the financial sector safer and to treat
Purpose/importance	customers more fairly and better, and to be more inclusive and have
	integrity.
Source/collection of data	Evidence of activity related to the implementation of policy, in line with
Source/collection of data	targets specified in the Annual Performance Plan.
Method of calculation	Simple count of policy advices on the financial sector provided.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	1 policy advice on the financial sector provided.
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Tax and Financial Sector Policy

Performance Indicator no 2.2.1	
Indicator title	Twin Peaks model legislation implemented
Short definition	"Implementation" here refers to implementing the provisions of the law. The
	implementation of the Twin Peaks model of financial sector regulation will
	see the creation of a prudential regulator - the Prudential Authority -
	housed in the South African Reserve Bank (SARB), and a dedicated market
	conduct regulator - the Financial Sector Conduct Authority (FSCA) -
	housed in Financial Service Board (FSB).
Purpose/importance	The implementation of the Twin Peaks model in South Africa has two
	fundamental objectives:
	To strengthen South Africa's approach to consumer protection
	and market conduct in financial services.
	To create a more resilient and stable financial system.
Source/collection of data	Government Gazette of published regulations and issued with a
	Gazette number on the government's website.
	Announcement, Tablings and Committees (ATC) documents with
	the same Gazette number.
Method of calculation	Simple count (check if documents are produced/published/ and FSCA
	established/engagements conducted).
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	Development of Twin Peaks Implementation Regulations as well as a
	comprehensive prudential and market conduct framework for new
	authorities.
Indicator responsibility	CD: Financial Stability.

Performance Indicator no 2.2.2	
Indicator title	Implement savings and retirement policies
Short definition	Implement regulatory reforms on savings and retirement policies that would
	lead to increased levels of national savings and enabling legislation.
	Consensus will either be an agreement to proceed with compulsory
	annuitisation for provident funds and, therefore, retain the current tax
	benefit for provident fund members OR consensus could also mean that the
	tax benefits to provident fund members will be clawed-back in the absence
	of an agreement to annuitise by provident fund members.
Purpose/importance	To improve the national savings rate through reforms to the legislative
	framework governing the savings industry, including work being undertaken
	towards the implementation of retirement reform proposals and to ultimately
	boost the South African economy.
Source/collection of data	Guidelines produced, legislation produced and legislation implemented.
Method of calculation	Simple count of documents guidelines produced, legislation produced and
	legislation implemented.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Implementation of annuitisation resolution and default regulations for
	retirement fund.
Indicator responsibility	CD: Financial Investments and Savings.

Strategic Objective 2.3 Provide advice and input into tax policy, frameworks and legislation Performance Indicator no 2.3 Number of policy advices into tax policy, frameworks and legislation Indicator title provided Provide advice and input into tax policy, frameworks and legislation. **Short definition** To develop a tax administrative system that ensures sustainable growth of Purpose/importance the economy and improved environmental sustainability. Advice based on research, tax analysis and tax revenue forecasting Source/collection of data published in the annual budget review. Simple count of number of policy advice into tax policy, frameworks and Method of calculation legislation provided. **Data limitation** None. Type of indicator Output. **Calculation type** Non-cumulative. Reporting cycle Annually. **New indicator** No. **Desired performance** 2 policy advices into tax policy, frameworks and legislation provided.

CD: Tax Policy.

Indicator responsibility

Performance Indicator no 2.3.1	
Indicator title	Publish tax proposals in annual budget review
Short definition	Tax proposals are proposals to amend, add, remove or effect changes in
	sections of the income tax act or other tax-related acts.
Purpose/importance	Ensure an effective, equitable and efficient tax policy and tax administration
	system.
Source/collection of data	Tax proposals developed based on research, tax analysis and tax
	revenue forecasting published in annual budget reviews.
	Revenue forecasts published in the MTBPS.
Method of calculation	Simple count of tax and revenue proposals on 2018 Budget published.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Tax and revenue proposals published annually in the Budget Review and
	updated revenue estimates for 2018 Medium Term Budget Policy
	Statement (MTBPS).
Indicator responsibility	CD: Tax Policy.

Performance Indicator no 2.3	3.2
Indicator title	Implement legislation to give effect to tax proposals from the Budget
Short definition	Tax legislation in the 2018/19 financial year refers to Rates and Monetary
	Amounts Amendment Bill, Taxation Laws Amendment Bill and Carbon Tax
	Bill to enable proposals from the budget review and speech to be
	implemented by the State.
Purpose/importance	To ensure that tax proposals from the budget are implemented in order to
	derive the benefits envisaged or to close gaps identified.
Source/collection of data	Government Gazette issued on legislation to give effect to tax proposals
	from the Budget with a Gazette number on the government's website.
	Announcement, Tablings and Committees (ATC) documents with the
	same Gazette number.
Method of calculation	Simple count of tax legislation prepared, published and tabled.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Prepared, published, and tabling of tax legislation in Parliament.
Indicator responsibility	CD: Tax Policy.

Strategic Objective 2.4 Provide input into economic policy, related frameworks and strategies Performance Indicator no 2.4

Indicator title	Number of inputs into economic policy and frameworks provided
Short definition	Provide input into economic policy and frameworks.
	Providing advice on macro and microeconomic policy, macroeconomic
Purpose/importance	projections and modelling, monetary policy framework and economic
	sector strategies.
Source/collection of data	Reports on exchange rate, monetary policy and macroeconomic
Source/collection of data	framework.
Method of calculation	Simple count of inputs into economic policy and frameworks provided.
Data limitation	Changes in economic environment not communicated timeously, resulting in delays to updating corresponding economic model.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	56 inputs into economic policy and frameworks provided.
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Economic policy.

Performance Indicator no 2.4	.1
Indicator title	Number of economic models maintained
Short definition	Maintain and update all economic models that facilitate policy making as and
	when changes in policy occur.
Purpose/importance	Ensure that economic models are up to date and reflect the current economic
	environment.
Source/collection of data	Updated economic models.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of economic models maintained.
Data limitation	Changes in economic environment not communicated timeously, resulting in
	delays to updating corresponding economic model.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	20 economic models maintained.
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Economic policy.

Performance Indicator no 2.4.2	
Indicator title	Number of economic forecasts developed
Short definition	Build high quality comprehensive macroeconomic analysis and forecasts
	based on scenario modelling tools.
Purpose/importance	Detailed and comprehensive economic models which inform economic
	policy, and highlight areas where amendments or reforms to legislation
	are necessary.
Source/collection of data	Developed quarterly economic forecast.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of economic forecasts developed.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	4 economic forecasts developed.
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Economic Policy.

Performance Indicator no 2.4.3	3
Indicator title	Chapter 2 of the MTBPS and Budget Review published
Short definition	Publish the global and South Africa's economic overview in the MTBPS
	and Budget Review.
Purpose/importance	To reflect on South Africa's past economic growth and to estimate the
	future growth in reference to Gross Domestic Product (GDP).
Source/collection of data	Published economic overview chapter in the MTBPS and Budget Review.
Method of calculation	None – The economic overview chapter will be reflected in the MTBPS
	and Budget Review.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Published economic overview chapter in the MTBPS and Budget Review.
Indicator responsibility	CD: Modelling and Forecasting.

Performance Indicator no 2.4.4	
Indicator title	Percentage response to user requests to develop new economic models
Short definition	An economic model is a simplified description of reality, designed to yield hypotheses about economic behaviour that can be tested. Economic models are developed to facilitate policy making as and when changes in policy occur.
Purpose/importance	Economic models are used to forecast economic activities, propose economic policy or politically justify economic policy.
Source/collection of data	Requests received and requests finalised register. Developed economic models.
Method of calculation	Number of user requests responded to $x100$ Total number of user of requests received
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% response to user requests to develop new economic models.
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Economic Policy.

Performance Indicator no 2.4.	5
Indicator title	Percentage response to users requests for economic research and
	policy analysis, and assessments of government policy proposals
Short definition	Assess and provide advice on policy proposals and economic policy
	analysis to internal and external stakeholders.
Purpose/importance	To provide macroeconomic analysis on critical issues affecting monetary
	policy, economic growth, investment and job creation in order to inform
	the Ministry of Finance, NT and engagements with the Economic
	Cluster.
Source/collection of data	Requests received and requests responded to register.
	Reports of economic research and policy analysis.
	Assessments of government policy proposal.
Method of calculation	Number of users' requests responded to
	$\frac{\text{Total number of users' requests received}}{\text{Total number of users' requests received}} x 100$
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
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Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	100% response to users requests for economic research and policy
	analysis, and assessments of government policy proposals.
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Economic policy.
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Performance Indicator no 2.4.6	
Indicator title	Percentage response to user requests for policy and scenario modelling
Short definition	These are alternative forecasts which highlight the likely direction of the economy if some of the assumptions do not materialise. 2 scenarios accompany each forecast.
Purpose/importance	To highlight the risks to the domestic economy and thus inform the fiscal framework.
Source/collection of data	Requests received and requests responded to register. Forecast model.
Method of calculation	Number of user requests responded to Total number of user requests received x100
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	100% response to user requests for policy and scenario modelling.
Indicator responsibility	CD: Modelling and Forecasting.

Performance Indicator no 2.4.	7
Indicator title	Percentage response to user requests for commentaries on economic data
Short definition	These are requests received to analyse and provide insight into local and global economic data and could include the impact of this on South Africa.
Purpose/importance	To highlight the risks to the domestic economy and thus inform the fiscal framework.
Source/collection of data	Requests received and requests responded to register. Commentaries.
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Number of user requests responded to}}{\text{Total number of user requests received}} x 100$
Data limitation	Quality of data.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	100% response to user requests for commentaries on economic data.
Indicator responsibility	CD: Modelling and Forecasting.

PROGRAMME 3

Strategic Objective 3.1	
Developing and Implementing	South Africa's Fiscal Policy and related framework
Performance Indicator no 3.1	
Indicator title	South Africa's fiscal policy and related frameworks authorised
Short definition	The fiscal framework sets aggregate national spending and revenue.
Purpose/importance	Shows the sustainability of fiscal policy and underpins the budget process. The fiscal framework is set to ensure debt sustainability and is published twice a year according to legal requirement.
Source/collection of data	Cabinet minutes.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of SA's fiscal policy and related frameworks authorised (approved) by cabinet.
Data limitation	No specific limitations.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	South Africa's fiscal policy and related frameworks authorised
Indicator responsibility	Budget Office: Deputy Director General.

Performance Indicator no 3.1.	
Indicator title	Maintain the expenditure ceiling
Short definition	This is the difference between the MTEF main budget expenditure
	ceiling target announced in the February budget and the revised
	expenditure ceiling announced in October, or influenced by any
	supplementary appropriation bill.
Purpose/importance	This performance measure indicates whether government remains
	within the targeted expenditure ceiling announced.
Source/collection of data	National Treasury databases managed by the Expenditure Planning
	and Fiscal Policy units.
Method of calculation	= MTEF main budget expenditure ceiling tabled in February minus
	MTEF main budget expenditure ceiling tabled in October, or as
	adjusted thereafter in an appropriation bill.
Data limitation	No specific limitations.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	Expenditure ceiling must be less than or equal to expenditure ceiling
	announced in main budget.
Indicator responsibility	Budget Office: Deputy Director General.

Performance Indicator no 3.1.2	
Indicator title	Number of fiscal frameworks provided
Short definition	The fiscal framework sets aggregate national spending and revenue.
Purpose/importance	Shows the sustainability of fiscal policy and underpins the budget process. Fiscal framework set to ensure debt sustainability and published twice a year according to legal requirement.
Source/collection of data	National Treasury databases managed by Budget Office.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of fiscal frameworks provided in the MTBPS and Budget Review.
Data limitation	No specific limitations.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	2 fiscal frameworks provided.
Indicator responsibility	Budget Office: Deputy Director-General.

Strategic Objective 3.2

Preparation of the National Budget

Performance Indicator no 3.2

Indicator title	Number of budgets produced
Short definition	Preparation of the National Budget.
Purpose/importance	National Budget that supports government's long-term policy and
	strategic priorities, within a fiscal framework that will ensure sound
	and sustainable financial policies and the effective, efficient and
	appropriate allocation of public funds.
Source/collection of data	Parliamentary administrative records and National Treasury internet
	postings.
Method of calculation	Simple count of national budgets produced.
Data limitation	No specific limitations.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Tabled national budget that supports government's long-term policy
	and strategic priorities.
Indicator responsibility	Budget Office and Public Finance: Deputy Directors General.

Performance Indicator no 3.2.1	
Indicator title	Number of budget guidelines issued
Short definition	This is the budget submission guidance provided to institutions, and the process implemented by the National Treasury to analyse institutional submissions and obtain recommendations from decision makers. Guidance is also provided to institutions to enable them to compile their ENE and AENE publications inputs.
Purpose/importance	To inform institutions of the information requirements for decision makers to formulate recommendations and to schedule the Medium Term Expenditure Committee engagements required for the Committee to analyse information and form recommendations to the Ministers' Committee on the Budget and Cabinet. To inform institutions of the information requirements for compiling ENE and AENE chapter and database submissions.
Source/collection of data	National Treasury Internet postings.
Method of calculation	 Check if the Medium Term Expenditure Framework guidelines are published on the National Treasury's website by July. Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure guidelines are published on the National Treasury's website in August. Check if the Estimates of National Expenditure guidelines are published on the National Treasury's website in November.
Data limitation	No specific limitations.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	set of MTEF guidelines issued by July; AENE guideline issued in August; and ENE guideline issued in October.
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury: Budget Office: Chief Director: Expenditure Planning.

Performance Indicator no 3.2.2	
Indicator title	Obtain budget expenditure allocation decisions from the Executive
Short definition	This is the presentation of recommendations in respect of departmental budget submissions to MTEC, MinComBud, and Cabinet.
Purpose/importance	This indicator measures whether the National Treasury has provided MTEC, MinComBud, and Cabinet with reports / memoranda containing budget recommendations for their consideration and decision making.
Source/collection of data	Recommendation reports / presentations and / or memoranda tabled at the MTEC / MinComBud and Cabinet.
Method of calculation	Check if Cabinet has endorsed national government expenditure allocations by the end of calendar year.
Data limitation	That the Committees sit.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	Cabinet endorsement of national government expenditure allocations by end of calendar year.
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury: Budget Office and Public Finance: Deputy Directors-General.

Strategic Objective 3.3

Publication of the National Budget

Performance Indicator no 3.3

Indicator title	Number of national budgets published
Short definition	Publish the National Budget.
Purpose/importance	Publish the Budget Review, Estimates of National Expenditure and MTBPS and appropriation legislation, containing relevant, accurate and clear financial information and associated indicators of service delivery and performance.
Source/collection of data	Parliamentary administrative records and National Treasury internet postings.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of national budgets published.
Data limitation	No specific limitations.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Published National Budget.
Indicator responsibility	Budget Office and Public Finance: Deputy Directors-General.

Budget legislation and accompanying documentation tabled in Parliament and published This is the tabling of budget legislation and accompanying explanatory memoranda in Parliament, and availing them as publications.	Performance Indicator no 3.3.	1
Short definition This is the tabling of budget legislation and accompanying explanatory memoranda in Parliament, and availing them as publications. Purpose/importance To table budget legislation and accompanying documents containing detailed information, for Parliament and citizens to utilise to scrutinise and debate, in order for Parliament to adopt, amend or reject the legislation proposed. Source/collection of data Parliamentary administrative records and National Treasury internet postings. Method of calculation • Check if the Appropriation Bill is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in February. • Check if the Budget Review document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in February. • Check if the Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in February. • Check if the Adjustments Appropriation Bill is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October. • Check if the Medium Term Budget Policy Statement document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October. • Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October. • Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October. • Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October. • Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October. • Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October. • Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Par	Indicator title	Budget legislation and accompanying documentation tabled in
memoranda in Parliament, and availing them as publications. To table budget legislation and accompanying documents containing detailed information, for Parliament and citizens to utilise to scrutinise and debate, in order for Parliament to adopt, amend or reject the legislation proposed. Source/collection of data Parliamentary administrative records and National Treasury internet postings. Method of calculation • Check if the Appropriation Bill is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in February. • Check if the Budget Review document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in February. • Check if the Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in February. • Check if the Adjustments Appropriation Bill is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in Cotober. • Check if the Medium Term Budget Policy Statement document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October. • Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October. • Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October. • Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October. • Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October. • Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October. • Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in Parliament and published on the National Treasury		Parliament and published
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Reporting cycle Bi-Annually. New indicator No. Desired performance Tabling and publication of Appropriation Bill, ENE and Budget Review	Type of indicator	Output.
New indicator No. Desired performance Tabling and publication of Appropriation Bill, ENE and Budget Review	Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Desired performance Tabling and publication of Appropriation Bill, ENE and Budget Review	Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
	New indicator	No.
in February, and Adjustments Appropriation Bill, AENE and MTBPS in	Desired performance	Tabling and publication of Appropriation Bill, ENE and Budget Review
		in February, and Adjustments Appropriation Bill, AENE and MTBPS in
October.		October.
Indicator responsibility National Treasury: Budget Office: Deputy Director-General.	Indicator responsibility	National Treasury: Budget Office: Deputy Director-General.

Performance Indicator 3.3.2	
Indicator title	Number of reports produced on public finance statistics according
	to function and economic classification
Short definition	Measures the production of regular and on request data production and
	compliance with the data standard based on the Government Finance
	Statistics Manual (GFS) of 2014 and the Economic Reporting format
	used in the budget data. Regular data sets refer to data supporting the
	budget process and in-year reporting requirements of government. The
	economic classification specifies what is being bought and sold (such as
	user charges and compensation of employees) while the classification
	by function specifies the purpose of expenditure (such as research and
	development or housing).
Purpose/importance	The indicator is intended to show if the data is produced and compliance
	is maintained. Public finance data that meet these requirements can
	easily be understood nationally and internationally. Recognised data
	standards ensure that the country's reports on budgets and financial
	performance are reliable and trustworthy.
Source/collection of data	Reports produced.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports produced.
Data limitation	Classification is mainly done by the government units; new employees
	in the units may not be familiar with the standards.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	4 reports produced on public finance statistics according to function
	and economic classification.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Public Finance Statistics.

Performance Indicator no 3.3.3	
Indicator title	Number of reports produced on guidance given to departments
	and entities on the classification of expenditure per quarter
Short definition	Guidance is provided by means of circulars, training of government
	officials in the finance departments and response to queries on the
	classification of expenditure in terms of government's Basic Accounting
	System (BAS) using the Standard Chart of Accounts (SCOA).
Purpose/importance	Indicator intended to show that government units are being assisted to
	ensure that their transactions are carried out according to SCOA.
Source/collection of data	Circulars are stored on i-drive folder and logged on the NT website so
	they can easily be counted.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports produced.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	4 reports produced on guidance given to departments and entities on
	the classification of expenditure per quarter.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Public Finance Statistics.

Strategic Objective 3.4

Monitoring and analysis of public expenditure and service delivery

Performance Indicator no. 3.4

Indicator title	Number of annual expenditure reports submitted to the Standing
	Committee on Appropriations
	Committee on Appropriations
Short definition	Provide the Standing Committee on Appropriation with high-level
	summaries of expenditure reports for all departments.
Purpose/importance	Report on deviations against the monthly drawings schedule,
	expenditure on special/large projects in line with planning and on any
	deviations to policy and financial/accounting regulations.
Source/collection of data	Financial data extracted from Vulindlela to populate quarterly reports.
	The reports are produced on quarterly basis.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports compiled and submitted to the
	Standing Committee on Appropriations.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Data limitation	Information on Vulindlela is not always updated in line with departments'
	expenditure reports.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	4 of annual expenditure reports submitted to the Standing Committee
	on Appropriations.
Indicator responsibility	Budget Analysts: Public Finance.

Performance Indicator no 3.4.1	
Indicator title	Percentage responses to departmental requests for PFMA and TR
	approvals, sectoral analysis and policy advice
Short definition	Analysis of the implementation of financial management and policy
	developments, challenges and trends in sectors and how these affect
	expenditure.
Purpose/importance	To ensure compliance with the PFMA and TRs, identify shortcomings in
	the policy design and implementation, as well as the means by which
	effectiveness and efficiency can be enhanced with new policies.
Source/collection of data	Register of requests received and responses to departmental requests for
	PFMA and TR approvals, sectoral analysis and policy advice.
Method of calculation	Number of responses to each complete request sent by the deadline X 100
	Total number of complete requests received
	A request is deemed complete once all the information needed by Public
	Finance to process the request is received from the requesting
	department or any other stakeholder within or outside the National
	Treasury.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output and efficiency.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	100% responses to departmental requests for PFMA and TR approvals,
	sectoral analysis and policy advice.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directors: Public Finance.

Performance Indicator no 3	Performance Indicator no 3.4.2	
Indicator title	Percentage comments to Cabinet memos	
Short definition	Analysis of the implementation of financial management and policy	
	developments, challenges and trends in sectors and how these affect	
	expenditure.	
Purpose/importance	To ensure that the Minister has advice on Cabinet memoranda prior to	
	Cabinet meetings.	
Source/collection of data	Cabinet memo's sent to the Public Finance division for comment.	
Method of calculation	Number of Cabinet memo comments sent at least one day prior to the cabinet	
	meeting X 100	
	Total number of Cabinet memos received	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output and efficiency.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	New.	
Desired performance	100% Cabinet memos commented on.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directors: Public Finance.	

Performance Indicator no 3.4.3	
Indicator title	Number of IYM feedback reports to departments.
Short definition	Public Finance budget analysts to compile and provide monthly expenditure
	feedback to departments. Feedback to departments is provided before the
	end of the same month after the official submission of IYMs by departments
	(departments submit IYMs on or before the 15th of every month).
Purpose/importance	Report to departments on early warning signs that could trigger unauthorised
	or irregular expenditure.
Source/collection of data	Monthly in year monitoring (IYM) reports submitted by departments.
Method of calculation	Simple count of the number of monthly feedbacks sent to departments before
	the end of the same month after the official submission of IYMs by
	departments (departments submit IYMs on or before the 15th of every
	month).
Data limitation	Information on Vulindlela is not always updated in line with departments'
	expenditure reports.
	The feedback of the Nov IYM report will be done by 15 January.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	540 IYM feedback reports to departments.
Indicator responsibility	Directors: Public Finance.

Performance Indicator no 3	Performance Indicator no 3.4.4	
Indicator title	Number of quarterly expenditure reports submitted to the Standing	
	Committee on Appropriations	
Short definition	Provide the Standing Committee on Appropriation with high level summary	
	of quarterly expenditure for all departments.	
Purpose/importance	Report on progress of expenditure and any deviations on planned spending	
	and any other matters of importance to the Committee.	
Source/collection of data	Quarterly expenditure reports with financial data extracted from Vulindlela.	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports compiled and submitted to the Standing	
	Committee on Appropriations.	
Data limitation	Information on Vulindlela is not always updated in line with departments'	
	expenditure reports.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	4 quarterly expenditure reports submitted to the Standing Committee on	
	Appropriations.	
Indicator responsibility	Budget Analysts: Public Finance	

Performance Indicator no 3.4.5	
Indicator title	Number of reports produced on review and implementation of the COLA
	costing model
Short definition	Review and implement the personnel costing model to assess the costs of
	improvements in conditions of service and changes in personnel
	headcounts.
Purpose/importance	Assess the costs of improvements in conditions of service and changes in
	personnel headcounts to guide budget allocations and determine
	implications for the sustainability of the Compensation of Employees
	budget.
Source/collection of data	Reports produced on the review and implementation of the model.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports produced on the review and
	implementation of the model.
Data limitation	Not applicable.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	4 reports produced on review and implementation of the COLA costing
	model.
Indicator responsibility	Public Sector Remuneration Analysis and Forecasting Unit.

Performance Indicator no 3.4.6	
Indicator title	Percentage response to request for support on governance and
	financial management monitoring and compliance system in public
	entities provided.
Short definition	The department (unit) provides support and guidance to public entities on
	issues relating to governance, financial management and compliance; this
	support can either be requested by the entities (demand driven) or the
	department can identify the need to provide support to the entities based on
	its observation or analysis.
Purpose/importance	To advise public entities on matters relating to financial management,
	governance and compliance with relevant financial and governance
	prescripts in order to ensure effective and efficient use of resources in public
	entities.
Source/collection of data	Reports submitted, presentations made, responses submitted to entities,
	Cabinet memoranda and minutes of the meetings.
Method of calculation	Total number of requests responded to in providing support to Public entities within 3 months X
	100
Data limitation	Total number of the requests received from public entities to provide support.
Data IIIIItation	Records of verbal requests, responses and discussions; and telephone discussions.
Tours of Co. Produce	
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	100% response to request for support on governance and financial
	management monitoring and compliance system in public entities provided.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Public Entities Governance Unit.

Performance Indicator no.	Performance Indicator no. 3.4.7	
Indicator title	Percentage of Budget Facility on Infrastructure (BFI) projects evaluated	
Short definition	BFI is a reform to the budget process aimed at creating institutional processes and special structures to support the planning and commitment of	
	fiscal resources to large-scale infrastructure projects and programmes.	
Purpose/importance	The facility established specialised structures, procedures and criteria to	
	improve the rigor of budgeting for large infrastructure projects and	
	programmes by ensuring that the full life-cycle costs of projects are explicitly	
	considered in planning, adequately budgeted for and anticipated in future	
	budgets. The facility provides a single window and operating procedure for	
Course leadle attended date	dealing with budget submissions for these projects.	
Source/collection of data	Report produced on projects evaluated.	
Method of calculation	Number of BFI projects evaluated x 100	
	Total number BFI projects to be evaluated	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	New.	
Desired performance	100% of Budget Facility on Infrastructure (BFI) projects evaluated.	
Indicator responsibility	CD: Fiscal Policy.	

Strategic Objective 3.5

Coordinating international development cooperation

Performance Indicator no 3.5

Indicator title	Percentage of ODA programmes coordinated
Short definition	Effectively coordinate official development assistance (ODA), which includes
	grants, concessionary loans and technical assistance.
Purpose/importance	Ensure alignment with government policies and priorities.
Source/collection of data	ODA agreements/Project reports/Minutes.
	Development Cooperation, Management and Information System (DCMIS).
Method of calculation	Number of aligned agreements X 100
	Total number of agreements signed.
Data limitation	None where agreements are processed by IDC.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% of ODA programmes coordinated.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: International Development Cooperation.

Performance Indicator no 3	.5.1
Indicator title	Percentage alignment of development cooperation to government
	policy and priorities
Short definition	Alignment of development cooperation relating to official development
	assistance (ODA), which includes grants, concessionary loans and
	technical assistance, with Government priorities.
Purpose/importance	Ensure alignment with government policies and priorities.
Source/collection of data	ODA agreements/Project reports/Minutes.
	Development Cooperation, Management and Information System (DCMIS).
Method of calculation	Number of aligned agreements X 100
	Total number of agreements signed
Data limitation	None where agreements are processed by IDC.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% alignment of development cooperation to government policy and
	priorities.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: International Development Cooperation.

Performance Indicator no 3	.5.2
Indicator title	Percentage management and coordination of development cooperation
	in South Africa
Short definition	Manage and coordinate the country's development cooperation at a macro
	level.
Purpose/importance	Coordinate inbound South African technical and financial cooperation.
Source/collection of data	RDP quarterly report.
	PSC meetings Minutes.
	Annual consultation Minutes.
	Development Cooperation, Management and Information System
	(DCMIS).
Method of calculation	Number of ODA projects coordinated X 100
	Total number of ODA projects
Data limitation	Departments do not consistently report on all ODA projects.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% management and coordination of development cooperation in South
	Africa.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: International Development Cooperation.

Strategic Objective 3.6 Coordination of intergovernmental relations	
Performance Indicator no 3	3.6
Indicator title	Number of legislatively required budget council meetings held
Short definition	Meetings held to ensure fiscal relations coordination between the three
	spheres of government.
Purpose/importance	Effectively coordinate fiscal relations between the three spheres of
	government and promote sound financial planning, reporting and
	management.
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of budget council meetings held.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	3 legislatively required budget council meetings held.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Intergovernmental Policy and Planning.

Performance Indicator no 3	Performance Indicator no 3.6.1	
Indicator title	Number of Division of Revenue and Division of Revenue Amendment	
	Bills published annually	
Short definition	The Division of Revenue Bill and Division of Revenue Amendment Bill are	
	bills tabled in Parliament by the Minister of Finance to determine and adjust	
	budget allocations to provinces and municipalities.	
Purpose/importance	These Bills are required in terms of section 214 of the Constitution to	
	allocate funds from revenue collected nationally to enable provinces and	
	municipalities to fulfil their functions. These bills are also required to be	
	tabled in terms of the Money Bills Amendment Procedure and Related	
	Matters Act.	
Source/collection of data	Parliament's Announcements Tablings Committees (ATC) document	
	records all bills tabled.	
Method of calculation	Number of Division of Revenue Bills and Division of Revenue Amendment	
	Bills reflected in the ATC as being tabled each financial year.	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	1 Division of Revenue and 1 Division of Revenue Amendment Bills	
	published annually.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Intergovernmental Policy and Planning.	

Performance Indicator no 3.6.2	
Indicator title	Number of reforms introduced to enhance provincial and local
	government fiscal frameworks
Short definition	Changes to the structure of the financing of provinces and local government.
	This can include changes to the way equitable share allocations are
	calculated or changes to conditional grant allocation mechanisms or rules or
	the introduction of new grants or dissolution of grants. It can also include
	introduction of additional own revenue instruments/sources to provinces or
	local government.
Purpose/importance	The provincial and local government fiscal frameworks ensure that provinces
	and municipalities are funded to be able to fulfil the functions assigned to
	them in terms of the Constitution.
Source/collection of data	Explanatory Memorandum to the Division of Revenue Bill (published on the
	National Treasury website as Annexure W1 to the Budget Review).
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reforms approved for implementation each
	financial year.
Data limitation	This indicator requires interpretation of changes to provincial or local
	government grants to be described in the Explanatory Memorandum to the
	Division of Revenue Bill and the introduction of additional municipal own
	revenue instruments to be legislated through the Municipal Fiscal Powers
	and Functions Act.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	2 reforms introduced to enhance provincial and local government fiscal
	frameworks.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Intergovernmental Policy and Planning.

Performance Indicator no 3	Performance Indicator no 3.6.3	
Indicator title	Number of plans assessed to support improvements in infrastructure	
	planning and implementation in provinces	
Short definition	The indicator measures the ability of provincial department to improve their	
	infrastructure planning and the institutionalisation of the infrastructure	
	delivery management system (IDMS).	
Purpose/importance	To ensure that there is an improvement in planning by provincial	
	departments implementing infrastructure programmes and projects.	
	Provide support when necessary, to assist in improving the plans.	
Source/collection of data	Assessment documents/sheets of the user asset management plans and	
	infrastructure programme management plans.	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of plans assessed.	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Annually.	
New indicator	Revised.	
Desired performance	A total of 36 Infrastructure plans assessed (18 user asset management	
	plans and 18 infrastructure programme management plans) to ensure that	
	there is an improvement in planning by provincial departments (health and	
	education) implementing infrastructure programmes and projects.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure.	

Performance Indicator no 3	.6.4
Indicator title	Number of built environment performance plans assessed to support
	improvement in the metropolitan municipalities
Short definition	Built environment Performance Plans are city-level plans formulated and
	approved by the metro, and they complement existing statutory plans and
	compliance with legal requirements. The Plan serves to better align the
	planning and budgets in the municipalities and is a brief, strategic overview
	of the built environment that will be used to enhance inter-governmental
	relations aimed at improving the performance of metropolitan built
	environments.
Purpose/importance	BEPP is a requirement of the DORA in respect of infrastructure grants related
	to the Built environment of metropolitan municipalities. It is one of the
	eligibility requirements for the Integrated City Development Grant (ICDG).
	The BEPP is thus also an instrument for compliance and submission
	purposes for the following infrastructure grants - ICDG, USDG, HSDG, PTIG,
	NDPG and INEP.
Source/collection of data	Feedback/assessment reports of BEPPs assessed.
Method of calculation	Simple count of Feedback/Assessment Reports of BEPPs assessed part of
	the mid-year budget and BEPP process.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	8 Built Environment Performance Plans assessed to support improvement
	in the metropolitan municipalities.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure.

Performance Indicator no 3.6.5	
Indicator title	Number of capacity building initiatives to facilitate improved planning,
	budgeting and financial management
Short definition	Workshops: Annual IYM workshop and annual Division of Revenue
	Workshops with key national departments and provincial.
	Courses: Essentials of Budget Formulation, Budget Analysis and
	Examination Training. Infrastructure Delivery Improvement System (IDMS)
	training to government officials that are involved in the infrastructure
	delivery process. The introduction to the IDMS is a two to three days' course
	where officials are introduced to concepts and principles of the IDMS.
	28 for PBA (8 workshops and 20 courses)
	15 for LGBA (6 departmental and 9 PT workshops)
	7 for PLGI (IDMS course)
Purpose/importance	To discuss key clauses and changes within the 2018 Division of Revenue Bill, Infrastructure, the Business Planning Process and Performance
	Evaluation for 2017/18 with regards to provincial Conditional Grants.
	To understand the essentials of budget preparation within the South African
	context. Included herein are the budget concepts, principles, MTEF budget process and key role players within national and provincial departments.
	process and key role players within national and provincial departments.
	To understand the core concepts and principles of budget examination and analysis, and demonstrate the application thereof through work based
	practical assessment activities.
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of capacity building initiatives (workshops and courses).
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	50 capacity building initiatives to facilitate improved planning, budgeting
	and financial management.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial Budget Analysis.
	Chief Directorate: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure.
	Chief Directorate: Local Government Budget Analysis.

Performance Indicator no 3	Performance Indicator no 3.6.6	
Indicator title	Number of quarterly financial reports published	
Short definition	Summary of financial and conditional grant performance for all provinces.	
Purpose/importance	Legal requirements in terms of the PFMA, DoRA and MFMA. Early warning	
	system to detect problems in provincial performance.	
Source/collection of data	PFMA: Nine electronic submissions in Excel format (IYM Model) from provincial treasuries to CD: PBA. Currently submitted via email, validated and stored on network drive (K drive) at NT.	
	MFMA & DORA: Expenditure reports submitted by Transferring Officers in	
	terms of municipal grant transfers and section 71 monthly and quarterly	
	expenditure reports submitted by municipalities via the Local Government	
	Database and Reporting System (LGDRS), validated and stored on	
	network drive (K drive) at NT.	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of publications per year.	
Data limitation	Timeous submission and accuracy of information submitted by	
	municipalities and TNOs.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	8 quarterly financial reports published.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial Budget Analysis.	
	Chief Director: Local Government Budget Analysis.	

Performance Indicator no 3	3.6.7
Indicator title	Number of provincial and municipal budgeting benchmarking
	exercises held to improve provincial and municipal budget credibility,
	composition and achievability
Short definition	Provincial Benchmark engagements – meet with each of the 9 provincial treasuries twice to evaluate and make recommendations on their Draft Budgets for the coming MTEF. Municipal Benchmark engagements – meet with each of the 17 non-delegated municipalities annually to evaluate and make recommendations on their tabled budgets for the coming MTREF.
Purpose/importance	Monitoring of performance and to ensure that budgets are credible.
Source/collection of data	Provincial and Local Government documents, databases and tools.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of benchmarking exercises conducted.
Data limitation	Late submissions by municipalities and inaccurate information submitted.
Type of indicator	Outcomes.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	35 provincial and municipal budgeting benchmarking exercises held to
	improve provincial and municipal budget credibility, composition and
	achievability.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial Budget Analysis.
	Chief Director: Local Government Budget Analysis.

Performance Indicator no 3.6.8	
Indicator title	Number of annual municipal routine reports published
Short definition	Publication of the adopted budget information for the new Medium Term
	Revenue and Expenditure Framework, municipal budget tabling and
	adoption dates, over and under expenditure report to Parliament; annual
	municipal payment schedules in respect of DoRA and adjustment DoRA
	(2); and the State of Local Government Finances Report.
Purpose/importance	In fulfilment of legal requirements in terms of the DoRA and MFMA
	regarding budget assessments and monitoring.
Source/collection of data	Annual budget and audit returns, monthly and quarterly MFMA section 71
	reports submitted by municipalities to LGDRS, municipal AFS and audit
	reports, DoRA and own analysis.
Method of calculation	Simple count of reports published.
Data limitation	Availability and accuracy of information in the monthly and quarterly reports
	submitted by municipalities and TNOs.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	6 annual municipal routine reports published.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Local Government Budget Analysis.

Performance Indicator no 3.6.9	
Indicator title	Number of support initiatives implemented in provinces
Short definition	Support funded budgets, revenue management, mSCOA, on revenue
	management, roll-over and offsetting of conditional grants process, budget
	compilation and assessment, mid-year performance monitoring, training on
	DoRA related matters and implementation of the province specific
	strategies to address municipal finance performance failures.
	LGBA has 9 initiatives (1 per province).
	PBA has 4.
Purpose/importance	To monitor progress and provide support in the implementation of support
	initiatives to address municipal finance performance failures.
Source/collection of data	Quarterly progress reports received from Provincial Treasuries, own
	analyses and engagements with Provincial Treasuries.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of initiatives.
Data limitation	Timeous submission of progress reports.
Type of indicator	Activities.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	Consolidation of standing indicators from previous year.
Desired performance	13 support initiatives implemented in provinces.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial Budget Analysis.
	Chief Director: Local Government Budget Analysis.

Performance Indicator no 3.6.10	
Indicator title	Number of municipal budgeting and reporting reforms implemented
Short definition	Implementation of mSCOA Phase 5, technical adjustments to the LGDRS
	and Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations to accommodate mSCOA
	to ensure successful implementation and revenue management.
Purpose/importance	To ensure that all 257 Municipalities provide Municipal financial data without
	mapping or extrapolating directly into LG database across the 6 regulatory
	segments.
Source/collection of data	Collection of documentation, questionnaires and data strings of municipal
	financial data, from all the 257 current Municipalities.
Method of calculation	Simple count - number of municipal budgeting and reporting reforms
	implemented.
Data limitation	Timeous submission of questionnaires and data uploads by Municipalities.
Type of indicator	Outputs.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	Consolidation of standing indicators from previous year.
Desired performance	3 municipal budgeting and reporting reforms implemented.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Local Government Budget Analysis.

Performance Indicator no 3.6.11	
Indicator title	Number of provincial and municipal mid-year budget and expenditure
	performance assessment reports produced
Short definition	Municipal visits - meet with the 17 non-delegated municipalities to assess
	6-month performance (financial and non-financial).
	Provincial visits reports: Discuss previous year's financial and performance
	outcomes and assess current year first quarter spending performance of
	key provincial sectors. Highlight in-year budget pressures, policy delivery
	hindrances, commitments and remedial actions for consideration.
Purpose/importance	In fulfilment of legal requirements in terms of the PFMA, DoRA and MFMA
	regarding budget assessments and monitoring.
Source/collection of data	Municipalities: Through annual budget returns submitted by municipalities as well as reports submitted by Transferring Officers, NT initiative through the analysis of MFMA, DoRA section 10 reports and MFMA section 71 monthly reports on municipalities' overall performance
	Provinces: PFMA Section 40 monthly reports on provinces.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of assessment reports.
Data limitation	Timeous submission by municipalities and accuracy of information
	submitted. Availability and accuracy of information in the monthly and
	quarterly reports submitted by provinces and municipalities and TNOs.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	Consolidation of standing indicators from previous year.
Desired performance	26 provincial and municipal mid-year budget and expenditure performance
	assessment reports produced.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Local Government Budget Analysis. Chief Director: Provincial Budget Analysis.

PROGRAMME 4

Strategic Objective 4.1	
Exercise oversight of state-owned companies	
Performance Indicator no 4	l.1
Indicator title	Percentage of oversight of state-owned companies' reports
Short definition	Exercise oversight of state-owned companies.
	A report is compiled on state-owned companies reports reviewed.
Purpose/importance	Exercise oversight of state-owned companies to enable them to achieve
	government's policy objectives in a financially and fiscally sustainable
	manner by reviewing their corporate plans and annual financial
	statements.
Source/collection of data	Reports on review of corporate plans, AFS, AR and other submissions in
	terms of the PFMA.
Method of calculation	Number of reports reviewed X 100
	Total number of reports
Data limitation	Late submission of documents.
	Inter-temporal differences between the submissions received during the
	course of the year and those responded to, due to additional
	information being required to finalise the review of submissions and
	applications received.
	Entities are not required to submit final shareholder compacts to NT for
	review.
	Incomplete submissions are not considered until all required
	information is received.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% oversight of state-owned companies reports to enable them to
	achieve government's policy objectives.
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Asset and Liability Management.

Performance Indicator no 4	l.1.1
Indicator title	Percentage of complete corporate plans received from Schedule 2
	and 3B public entities reviewed
Short definition	Review the corporate plans within four months of 1st March each year as
	stipulated in the legislation.
	Corporate plans are regarded as complete when there is no information
	requested from the entity that is outstanding.
	A report is compiled on the reviewed corporate plan.
Purpose/importance	To ensure that the corporate plans of the SOCs, DFIs and water boards
	are reviewed to assess their potential impact on the fiscus and alignment
	with government policy so that mitigating action can be taken.
Source/collection of data	Reports or memos on review of corporate plans of Schedule 2 and 3B
	SOCs, DFIs and water boards received.
Method of calculation	Number of corporate plans of schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, and water boards
	received and reviewed within 4 months of receipt X 100
	Total number of corporate plans of Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, DFIs and
	water boards received.
	The four months for schedule 2 and 3B SOCs begins on 01 March of each
	year; and
	The four months for water boards on 01 June of each year.
Data limitation	Late submission of Corporate Plans from SOCs.
	Delays due to Executive Authorities' requests to amend Corporate
	Plans.
	Entities are not required to submit final shareholder
	compacts to NT for review.
	Incomplete submissions are not considered until all required
	information is received.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	100% of complete corporate plans received from Schedule 2 and 3B
,	public entities reviewed.
Indicator responsibility	
y	
	Chief Directorate: Governance and Financial Analysis.

Performance Indicator no 4	.1.2
Indicator title	Percentage of annual reports received from Schedule 2 and 3B
	public entities reviewed
Short definition	Review the reports to assess their potential impact on the fiscus within 4
	months of report.
Purpose/importance	Ensures that the annual reports of the SOCs, DFIs and water boards are
	reviewed to assess their potential impact on the fiscus so that mitigating
	action can be taken.
Source/collection of data	Reports or memos on review of annual reports of Schedule 2 and 3B
	SOCs, DFIs and water boards received.
Method of calculation	Number of annual reports of schedule 2and 3 B SOCs, DFIs and water
	boards reviewed within 4 months X 100
	Total number of annual reports of Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, DFIs and
	water boards received.
	The four months begins on 01 September of each year.
Data limitation	Late submission of annual reports SOCs, DFI & WBs.
	Executive Authorities may request amendments or extension to
	annual reports which may result in delays.
	Entities are not required to submit final shareholder compacts to
	NT for review.
	Incomplete submissions are not considered until all required
	information is received.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	100% of annual reports received from Schedule 2 and 3B public entities
	reviewed.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Governance and Financial Analysis.

Performance Indicator no 4	l.1.3
Indicator title	Percentage of complete PFMA Section 54(2), 52, 55 and 92
	applications received from Schedule 2 and 3B public entities
	reviewed
Short definition	Review all complete applications within the required timeframe, Section
	54(2) must be reviewed within 30 days of receipt from Ministry of Finance,
	and Section 52, 55 and 92 must be reviewed with 4 months of receipt from
	Ministry of Finance.
Purpose/importance	Ensure that SOC all applications in terms of the PFMA and MFMA are
	reviewed within stipulated timeframes to identify risks or other issues so
	that mitigating action can be taken.
Source/collection of data	Complete submissions prepared in response to applications for PFMA
	applications.
Method of calculation	Number of complete applications reviewed within stipulated timeframes x100
	Total number of complete applications received
Data limitation	Inter-temporal differences between the submissions received during the
	course of the year and those responded to, due to additional information
	being required to finalise the review of submissions and applications
	received.
	Incomplete submissions are not considered until all required information is
	received.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% of complete PFMA Section 54(2), 52, 55 and 92 applications
	received from Schedule 2 and 3B public entities reviewed.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Sector Oversight and Chief Directorate: Governance
	and Financial Analysis.

Performance Indicator no 4	.1.4
Indicator title	Percentage of complete guarantee applications received from
	Schedule 2 and 3B public entities reviewed
Short definition	Review the completed guarantee applications.
	The applications must be reviewed within 30 days of receipt from the
	Ministry of Finance and presented to the next Fiscal Liability Committee
	(FLC) held.
Purpose/importance	Ensure that all complete guarantee applications are reviewed within
	stipulated timeframes for consideration by the FLC.
Source/collection of data	Complete submissions prepared in response to applications for
	guarantees that are submitted to the FLC.
Method of calculation	Number of complete applications for guarantees reviewed within 30 days of receipt x100
	Number of complete applications for guarantees received
Data limitation	Incomplete submissions are not considered until all required information is
	received.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	100% of complete guarantee applications received from Schedule 2 and
	3B public entities reviewed.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Sector Oversight.

Performance Indicator no 4	.1.5
Indicator title	Percentage of MFMA submissions relating to tariff adjustments
	received from Schedule 2 and 3B public entities reviewed
Short definition	Complete submissions must be reviewed within 40 days of receipt from
	Ministry of Finance.
Purpose/importance	Ensure that all MFMA submissions are reviewed within stipulated
	timeframes to identify any risks and issues so that mitigating action can be
	taken.
Source/collection of data	Submissions prepared in response to MFMA submissions.
Method of calculation	Number of complete submissions reviewed within 40 days of receipt x 100
	Number of complete submissions received
Data limitation	Delayed or not-received MFMA submissions relating to tariff adjustments
	from Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs and WBs.
	Incomplete submissions are not considered until all required information is
	received.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	100% complete submissions reviewed within the stipulated timeframes.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Sector Oversight.

Performance Indicator no	1.1.6
Indicator title	Percentage of complete remuneration review requests of executive
	and non-executive directors received from Schedule 2 and 3B public
	entities reporting to the Minister of Finance reviewed
Short definition	Review schedule 2 and 3B remuneration for public entities reporting to the
	Minister of Finance.
Purpose/importance	Compliance with relevant policies, guidelines and legislation where
	applicable.
Source/collection of data	Reports received form the Entities reporting to the Minister of Finance
	reviewed.
Method of calculation	Number of complete submissions reviewed Total number of complete submissions received
	Total number of complete submissions received
Data limitation	Late or non-submission by entities.
	Incomplete submissions are not considered until all required information is
	received.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	100% of complete remuneration requests reviewed.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Governance and Financial Analysis.

Performance Indicator no	4.1.7
Indicator title	Percentage of complete board appointments recommendations from
	Schedule 2 and 3B public entities reporting to the Minister of Finance
	received and reviewed
Short definition	Review complete requests from schedule 2 and 3B public entities for board
	appointments and make recommendations to the Minister of Finance for
	entities reporting to him in line with the Memorandum of Incorporation
	(MOI) or relevant founding legislation.
Purpose/importance	Ensure that the Minister of Finance is provided with a recommendation for
	candidates to serve on the Boards which report to him in line with
	Companies Act, corporate governance principles and other relevant
	prescripts.
Source/collection of data	Memorandum recommending the proposed candidates.
Method of calculation	Number complete requests reviewed
	Total number of complete requests received $x100$
Data limitation	Incomplete submissions are not considered until all required information is
	received.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	100% review of the complete submissions received from the entities
	reporting to the Minister of Finance (Scheduled 2 and 3B).
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Governance and Financial Analysis.

Performance Indicator	no 4.1.8
Indicator title	Percentage of complete review requests of borrowing limit applications
	relating to Schedule 2 and 3B public entities reviewed
Short definition	Review schedule 2, 3B, SOCs, DFIs and WBs borrowing limit applications.
Purpose/importance	Ensure that all borrowing limit applications are reviewed within stipulated
	timeframes for consideration by the Fiscal Liability Committee (FLC).
Source/collection of	Submissions prepared in response to applications for borrowing limits that are
data	submitted to the FLC.
Method of	Number of applications for borrowing limits reviewed within 30 days $x100$
calculation	Number of applications for borrowing limits received
Data limitation	Review the funding applications – the applications must be reviewed within 30
	days of receipt.
	Incomplete submissions are not considered until all required information is
	received.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% review of the complete applications within the stipulated timeframes.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Governance and Financial Analysis.

Strategic Objective 4.2		
	Optimal debt management and funding of government borrowing requirement	
Performance Indicator	no 4.2	
Indicator title	Percentage of optimal debt management and funding of government	
	borrowing requirements met	
Short definition	Finance government's annual borrowing requirements through various debt	
	instruments.	
Purpose/importance	Government's funding requirement to be met (financed) while ensuring that	
	debt service costs remain sustainable.	
Source/collection of	Annual gross borrowing requirement is sourced from the Budget tabled	
data	annually by the Minister of Finance.	
Method of calculation	Government's annual gross borrowing requirement met (financed) X 100	
	Government's annual borrowing requirement targeted.	
Data limitation	Accurate revenue and expenditure forecasts.	
	Market conditions.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Annually.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	100% oversight of state-owned companies to enable them to achieve	
	government's policy objectives.	
Indicator	DDG: Asset and Liability Management.	
responsibility	DDG. Additional management.	

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 4.2.1	
Indicator title	Percentage of government's annual gross borrowing requirement met	
Short definition	Finance government's annual borrowing requirements through various debt	
	instruments.	
Purpose/importance	Ensure that sufficient funds are available to meet government commitments.	
Source/collection of	Annual gross borrowing requirement is sourced from the Budget tabled annually	
data	by the Minister of Finance.	
Method of calculation	Gross borrowing requirement is the sum of revenue, expenditure and debt due	
	for repayment.	
	Government's annual gross borrowing requirement met (financed) X 100	
	Government's annual borrowing requirement targeted	
Data limitation	Accurate revenue and expenditure forecasts.	
	Market conditions.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	100% of government's annual gross borrowing requirement met.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Liability Management.	

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 4.2.2	
Indicator title	Percentage of interest and redemptions met	
Short definition	Payment of government debt obligations in a timely and accurate manner to	
	avoid any credit defaults or additional costs due to inaccurate/delayed payment.	
Purpose/importance	Servicing of debt is a requirement as per loan agreements; failure to do so will	
	result in credit defaults which could lead to credit rating downgrades and loss of	
	investors.	
Source/collection of	Government debt-service costs are contained in the annual Budget as tabled by	
data	the Minister of Finance.	
Method of calculation	Amount of interest and redemptions paid x100	
	Amount of interest and redemptions due A100	
Data limitation	Inability to access debt recording and payment systems due to internal and/or	
	external factors.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	100% of government debt obligations met.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Liability Management.	

Strategic Objective 4.3	
Ensure sound management of government's cash resources	
Performance Indicator no	4.3
Indicator title	Percentage of government's liquidity requirements met
Short definition	Forecasting and management of government's short and medium term cash
	flows.
Purpose/importance	Ensure provision for government's short and medium term commitments at
	the right time, in the right amounts and in the right currency.
Source/collection of	Cash flow data on receipts and payments is received from SARS, Reserve
data	Bank and various units within NT and then consolidated.
Method of calculation	Government's net cash position is calculated, taking into account:
	Gross borrowing requirement, which is the sum of revenue,
	expenditure and debt due (interest and redemptions).
	Proceeds from short- and long-term loans issued in the domestic and
	international markets.
	Change in cash balances.
	A monthly net cash position is calculated for the MTEF period and thereafter
	maintained.
	Daily net cash positions are forecast for three months ahead.
	Must maintain a positive actual closing balance.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% funded exchequer account (National Revenue account).
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Financial Operations.

Strategic Objective 4.3		
	Ensure sound management of government's cash resources	
Performance Indicator n	o 4.3.1	
Indicator title	Percentage of government's liquidity requirements met	
Short definition	Forecasting and management of government's short and medium term cash	
	flows.	
Purpose/importance	Ensure provision for government's short and medium term commitments at	
	the right time, in the right amounts and in the right currency.	
Source/collection of	Cash flow data on receipts and payments is received from SARS, Reserve	
data	Bank and various units within NT and then consolidated.	
Method of calculation	Government's net cash position is calculated, taking into account:	
	Gross borrowing requirement, which is the sum of revenue,	
	expenditure and debt due (interest and redemptions).	
	Proceeds from short- and long-term loans issued in the domestic and	
	international markets.	
	Change in cash balances.	
	A monthly net cash position is calculated for the MTEF period and thereafter	
	maintained.	
	Daily net cash positions are forecast for three months ahead	
	Must maintain a positive actual closing balance.	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	100% funded exchequer account (National Revenue account Fund).	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Financial Operations.	

Strategic Objective 4.4	
Minimise and mitigate risks emanating from Government's fiscal obligations	
Performance Indicator no	4.4
Indicator title	Number of reports on the management of government's contingent
	liabilities and counterparty risk
Short definition	Management of contingent liability and counterparty risk exposure to limit
	the impact on the fiscus.
Purpose/importance	Management of contingent liabilities is critical to prevent government from
	being in a position where contingent liabilities, should they materialise,
	compromise the sustainability of funding strategies.
Source/collection of	Annual Reports and interim reports of SOCs and banks. Quarterly reports
data	outlining government contingent liabilities and counterparty risk, BA 900
	reports from the SARB.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	Yes.
Desired performance	6 reports on the management of government's contingent liabilities and
	counterparty risk.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Strategy and Risk Management.

Strategic Objective 4.4	
Minimise and mitigate risks emanating from Government's fiscal obligations	
Performance Indicator no	4.4.1
Indicator title	Percentage compliance with market and refinancing risks
	benchmarks
Short definition	Management of debt portfolio within approved risk benchmarks so that it
	minimises the impact of interest rate, inflation and exchange rate risks on
	annual funding requirements and government's debt portfolio while
	balancing liquidity (cash) and cost objectives.
Purpose/importance	To recommend annual risk allocations using appropriate techniques in
	order to ensure compliance with market and refinancing risks
	benchmarks.
Source/collection of	Ratio-based on portfolio indicators and quantitative on underlying risk
data	factors.
Method of calculation	All Risk Indicators should be below or within their limits or ranges as
	approved by Minister:
	Share of short-term debt maturing in 12 months (Treasury bills) as a
	percentage of total domestic debt [15%].
	Share of long-term maturing in 5-years as a percentage of fixed rate
	bonds and inflation linked bonds [25%].
	Share of inflation-linked bonds as a percentage of total domestic debt
	[20-25%].
	Share of foreign debt as a percentage of total government debt [15%].
	Weighted term-to-maturity (fixed rate bonds and Treasury bills in
	years) [10-14].
	Weighted term-to-maturity (inflation-linked bonds in years) [14-17].
	Number of risk indicators within their limits or ranges x100
	Total number of risk indicators
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% compliance with market and refinancing risks benchmarks.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Strategy and Risk Management

Strategic Objective 4.4	
Minimise and mitigate risks emanating from Government's fiscal obligations Performance Indicator no 4.4.2	
Indicator title	Number of interactions to manage and ensure effective relations with
	the credit rating agencies
Short definition	Continuous and proactive engagements with and information sharing
	between the credit rating agencies and NT.
Purpose/importance	Strengthen relations between government and the rating agencies to
	improve the context of the discussions regarding credit ratings and to
	ensure that the most accurate information on the country is shared with
	the rating agencies on a timely basis; and to address information
	asymmetries and ensure that government is the first point of contact for
	key policy messages to be shared with the rating agencies.
Source/collection of	Engagement reports and rating schedules.
data	
Method of calculation	Simple count of interactions to manage and ensure effective relations with
	the credit rating agencies.
Data limitation	Regional, contagion and political risks which are outside of the control of
	this NT programme.
Type of indicator	Activity (i.e. presentations, meetings / round table discussions, conference
	calls) and output (i.e. presentation reports, strategy documents of
	government (NDP progress reports, 9 Point Plan, SOCs turnaround
	strategies, etc.)).
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Yes.
Desired performance	8 interactions to manage and ensure effective relations with the credit
	rating agencies.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Strategy and Risk Management.

Strategic Objective 4.4	Strategic Objective 4.4	
Minimise and mitigate risks emanating from Government's fiscal obligations		
Performance Indicator no	4.4.3	
Indicator title	Number of reports on the management of government's contingent	
	liabilities and counterparty risk	
Short definition	Management of contingent liability and counterparty risk exposure to limit	
	the impact on the fiscus.	
Purpose/importance	Management of contingent liabilities is critical to prevent government from	
	being in a position where contingent liabilities, should they materialise,	
	compromise the sustainability of funding strategies.	
Source/collection of	Annual Reports and interim reports of SOCs and banks. Quarterly reports	
data	outlining government contingent liabilities and counterparty risk; and BA 900	
	reports from the SARB.	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports.	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	Yes.	
Desired performance	6 reports on the management of government's contingent liabilities and	
	counterparty risk.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Strategy and Risk Management.	

PROGRAMME 5

Strategic Objective 5.1

Improve financial management governance and compliance across all spheres and entities in Government, giving effect to the PFMA and MFMA

government, giving enect		
Performance Indicator no	Performance Indicator no 5.1	
Indicator title	Percentage of financial management regulations, instructions, circulars, policies, guidelines and tools published	
Short definition	Publish financial management regulations, instructions, circulars, policies, guidelines and tools.	
Purpose/importance	Improve financial management governance and compliance across all spheres and entities in government, giving effect to the PFMA and MFMA.	
Source/collection of data	National Treasury website.	
Method of calculation	Number of regulations, instructions, circulars, policies, guidelines and tools published X100 Number of instructions, circulars, policies, guidelines and tools developed	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Annually.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	100% of Treasury Regulations, Instructions, Circulars, policies, guidelines and tools published.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Governance Monitoring and Compliance.	

Performance Indicator no 5.1.1	
Indicator title	Number workshops conducted on IA and risk management guidelines
Short definition	Providing awareness and knowledge sharing on internal audit and risk management guidelines to government institutions.
Purpose/importance	To ensure that institutions have common understanding of and comply with the internal audit and risk management guidelines.
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers signed by officials attending the workshops indicating the institutions they are representing.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number workshops conducted.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Activity.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	10 workshops conducted on internal audit and risk management guidelines.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Internal Audit Support. Chief Directorate: Risk Management.

Performance Indicator	no 5.1.2
Indicator title	Number of institutions whose Audit Committees have been provided with support
Short definition	Provide Audit Committees with support e.g. attendance of meetings, interviewing and selection of potential members, induction of new members etc.
Purpose/importance	To ensure that Audit Committees deliver the duties effectively and efficiently through NT's support.
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers, minutes, reports or presentations.
Method of calculation	Simple count of institutions provided with support.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Activity.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Support provided to Audit Committees in 15 institutions.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Internal Audit Support.

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 5.1.3	
Indicator title	Number of support plans developed for government entities struggling at lower levels of IA implementation as in the Financial Management Capability Maturity Model (FMCMM)	
Short definition	Support plan detailing support activities to be conducted.	
Purpose/importance	To strengthen effectiveness of internal audit.	
Source/collection of data	Approved support plans.	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of support plans.	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Annually.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	5 support plans developed for government entities struggling at lower levels of IA implementation.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate Internal Audit Support.	

Performance Indicator no 5.1.4	
Indicator title	Number of training sessions conducted in risk management
Short definition	Provide risk management training to Public Sector Officials.
Purpose/importance	To equip and enhance Public Sector Officials with risk management tools that will allow them to execute their responsibilities efficiently and effectively.
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers of risk management training provided.
Method of calculation	Simple count of training sessions conducted.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	4 training sessions conducted in risk management.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Risk Management.

Performance Indicator no 5.1.5	
Indicator title	Number of guidelines on risk management curriculum developed for institutions of higher learning
Short definition	Developing guidelines on Risks Management Curriculum for institutions of higher learning.
Purpose/importance	To ensure that learning institutions reflect the guide on public sector risk management in their Risks Management Curriculum.
Source/collection of data	Guidelines on risk management curriculum developed.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of guidelines developed.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	4 guidelines on risk management curriculum developed for institutions of higher learning.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Risk Management.

Performance Indicator no 5.1.6	
Indicator title	Number of monitoring reports on improvement of financial management in national and provincial institutions produced
Short definition	Draft report to inform and update Parliament on the status of financial management maturity in national and provincial institutions.
Purpose/importance	To report to Parliament on improvements of financial management maturity across national and provincial spheres of government.t
Source/collection of data	Results on FMCMM assessments completed by national and provincial institutions.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of national and provincial institutions reports produced.
Data limitation	Non submission and/or late submission of FMCMM completed assessments by national and provincial institutions.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	4 monitoring reports on improvement of financial management in national and provincial institutions produced.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : Governance Monitoring and Compliance.

Performance Indicator	no 5.1.7
Indicator title	Number of guidelines to assist with the implementation of Treasury Regulations, policies and Treasury Instructions developed
Short definition	Simplify the provisions of the PFMA, Treasury Regulations and Treasury Instructions for PFMA-compliant institutions.
Purpose/importance	To assist PFMA-compliant institutions with the interpretation and application of the legislative framework related to financial management in order to ensure compliance with the provisions of the PFMA, Treasury Regulations and Treasury Instructions.
Source/collection of data	Existing legislative framework, transversal matters raised by PFMA-Compliant institutions, matters arising from Provincial Accountant-General forums and Chief Financial Officers Forums and any other information related to financial management received from internal divisions within National Treasury.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of guidelines developed.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	4 guidelines to assist with the implementation of Treasury Regulations, policies and Treasury Instructions developed.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Governance Monitoring and Compliance.

Performance Indicator	no 5.1.8
Indicator title	Number of training sessions provided to support PFMA institutions on the implementation of Treasury Regulations, Treasury Instructions and guidelines
Short definition	Workshops, training sessions, advocacy sessions and other information sharing platforms to provide clarity on how to implement and apply the revised Treasury Regulations, Treasury Instructions and guidelines.
Purpose/importance	Increase the understanding of the legislative frameworks.
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers. These sessions are based on the number of Treasury Instructions and guidelines developed and also based on the ad-hoc requests from PFMA-Compliant institutions.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of training sessions provided.
Data limitation	Failure to honour the request of the PFMA-compliant institutions or failure to honour the request of National Treasury by PFMA compliant institutions.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	8 training sessions provided to support PFMA institutions on the implementation of Treasury Regulations, Treasury Instructions and guidelines.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Governance Monitoring and Compliance.

Performance Indicator no 5.1.9	
Indicator title	Number of forensic investigation reports produced
Short definition	Conduct forensic investigations in all spheres of government on a broad range of financial management and internal control systems in public procurement processes.
Purpose/importance	 To ensure that the public procurement system is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost effective. To ensure compliance with public sector legislation in each sphere of government.
Source/collection of data	Forensic investigation reports and Audit reports or list of the forensic investigations and special performance audit reports.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports produced.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	26 forensic investigation reports produced.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Specialised Audit Services.

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 5.1.10	
Indicator title	Number of specialised audit reports produced	
Short definition	Conduct specialised performance audits in all spheres of government on a broad range of financial management and internal control systems in public procurement processes.	
Purpose/importance	 To ensure that the public procurement system is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost effective. To ensure compliance with public sector legislation in each sphere of government. 	
Source/collection of data	Audit reports or list of the special performance audit reports.	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports produced.	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	Revised.	
Desired performance	4 specialised audit reports produced.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Specialised Audit Services.	

Performance Indicator no 5.1.11	
Indicator title	Number of criminal investigation cases supported
Short definition	Provide support to Law Enforcement Agencies/Anti-corruption Task Team for criminal investigation cases.
	Support provided includes Subpoenas honoured; Affidavits written; Forensic reports and exhibits drafted; Minutes of meetings; Advisory memoranda; Attendance registers; correspondence on the case.
Purpose/importance	To ensure that the public procurement system is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost effective.
	To ensure compliance with public sector legislation in each sphere of government.
Source/collection of data	List of cases supported.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number cases supported.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	30 criminal investigation cases supported.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Specialised Audit Services.

Performance Indicator	no 5.1.12
Indicator title	Number of engagements held with public officials to address compliance and implementation of regulations, instructions and guidelines in a coordinated and consistent manner
Short definition	Enable financial management capacity building through engagements with public officials in a meeting on how to implement and be compliant with the regulations instructions and guidelines in order to ensure a coordinated and consistent application.
Purpose/importance	To ensure that there is a common understanding of and consistent application of regulations, instructions and guidelines.
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers signed by officials attending the meeting.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of engagements held.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Activity.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	2 engagements held with public officials to address compliance and implementation of regulations, instructions and guidelines in a coordinated and consistent manner.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Internal Audit Support. Chief Directorate: Risk Management.

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no. 5.1.13	
Indicator title	Percentage of financial management grant support plans reviewed for alignment with grant framework for municipalities	
Short definition	Review of the FMG support plans submitted by municipalities to ascertain how funds will be spent and to note alignment with the conditions of the grant as per the grant framework.	
Purpose/importance	The Division of Revenue Act requires the national transferring officer of a schedule 5 (b) conditional grant to monitor the grant to ensure compliance with the grant conditions and framework.	
Source/collection of data	List of FMG support plans received and reviewed.	
Method of calculation	Number grant support plans reviewed x 100	
	Total number of grant support plans received from municipalities	
Data limitation	Late submission of the support plan will delay the review process.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Annually.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	100% of financial management grant support plans reviewed.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : MFMA Implementation.	

Performance Indicator no. 5.1.14	
Indicator title	Percentage of complete requests to draft financial recovery plans responded to within 90 days of receipt
Short definition	Assist with the preparation of a financial recovery plan when a complete request is received.
Purpose/importance	A financial recovery plan may assist in the resolution of financial problems at a municipality as per the MFMA.
Source/collection of data	Tracking register of municipalities submitting a complete request and municipalities assisted with the preparation of the financial recovery plans.
Method of calculation	Number of complete requests responded to within 90 days of receipt x 100
	Total number of complete requests received
Data limitation	Late submission of relevant information by municipalities to commence with the preparation of the financial recovery plans.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Yes.
Desired performance	100% of complete requests to draft financial recovery plans responded to within 90 days of receipt.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : MFMA Implementation.

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no. 5.1.15	
Indicator title	Percentage of requests to the MFMA helpdesk responded to within 30 days of receipt	
Short definition	Manage the MFMA helpdesk, which assists municipalities, municipal entities and all other stakeholders to interpret and implement the MFMA, Regulations, MFMA Circulars and Guidelines within 30 days.	
Purpose/importance	 To ensure consistent countrywide application of the Act and its regulations. To identify gaps in the implementation of the legal framework and address these through MFMA Circulars, Regulations or Guidelines, as may be appropriate. 	
Source/collection of data	Tracking register for all queries received on the helpdesk.	
Method of calculation	Number of requests responded to within 30 days of receipt x 100	
	Total number of requests received	
Data limitation	Delays in receiving inputs from relevant units within NT.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	Yes.	
Desired performance	75% response to all queries raised on the helpdesk within 30 days.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : MFMA Implementation.	

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no. 5.1.16	
Indicator title	Number of municipalities assisted in addressing gaps as identified by FMCMM and financial indicator assessments	
Short definition	The FMCMM and financial indicator assessments undertaken at municipalities identified shortcomings in the processes, procedures and systems to effectively implement the MFMA and supporting regulations. NT to strategise and assist municipalities in addressing the identified areas of concern.	
Purpose/importance	Improve the level of financial management maturity and capabilities within municipalities.	
Source/collection of data	List of municipalities assisted.	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of municipalities assisted.	
Data limitation	Delays in receiving action plans from municipalities on interventions to be taken in addressing shortcomings identified in the assessments.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Annually.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	Assist 5 municipalities in addressing shortcomings identified in the FMCMM and financial indicator assessments.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: MFMA Implementation.	

Performance Indicator no 5.1.17	
Indicator title	Number of municipalities with the highest UIFW incurred annually monitored to rectify such expenditure in terms of the MFMA
Short definition	Provide guidance to municipalities on how to address UIFW expenditure.
Purpose/importance	To reduce UIFW expenditure incurred by municipalities.
Source/collection of data	Progress reports by highest municipal contributors of UIFW expenditure.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of municipalities assisted.
Data limitation	Late submission of relevant information by municipalities to monitor processes and progress made in addressing UIFW expenditure.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	10 highest municipal contributors of UIFW expenditure monitored.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: MFMA Implementation.

Performance Indicator no 5.1.18	
Indicator title	Number of monthly statement reports of actual revenue and actual expenditure for the National Revenue Fund (NRF) published
Short definition	In terms of Section 32 of the PFMA, these statements must be published.
Purpose/importance	 A requirement of the PFMA, used by the IMF and other interested parties to analyse monthly financial performance. Used as an early warning system by departments and NT.
Source/collection of data	Monthly reports published on time in the Government Gazette.
Method of calculation	Simple count of monthly statements published.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	12 monthly statement reports of actual revenue and actual expenditure for the National Revenue Fund (NRF) published.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Accounting Support and Reporting.

Performance Indicator no 5.1.19	
Indicator title	Percentage compliance with the banking services for national government: • Daily bank reconciliation of NRF. • Electronic verification of supplier banking details within four working days
Short definition	Assist departments with electronic verification of banking details and payments, and provide a daily bank statement reflecting all payments and receipts.
Purpose/importance	Need to provide a bank statement daily to interface with ledger. Departments can then follow up on exceptions and perform bank reconciliations.
Source/collection of data	 Evidence of number of transactions verified daily. Evidence of completion of the daily bank reconciliation.
Method of calculation	(Number of daily bank reconciliations of NRF conducted + number of of supplier banking details verified) X 100 (Number of daily bank reconciliation of NRF supposed to be conducted + number of of supplier banking details supposed to be verified)
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	 95% compliance with the banking services for national government: Daily bank reconciliation of NRF. Electronic verification of supplier banking details within four working days
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Accounting Support and Reporting.

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 5.1.20	
Indicator title	Number of consolidated annual financial statements for national departments, public entities and Reconstruction and Development Programme (RDP) Fund tabled on 31 October	
Short definition	Section 8 of the PFMA requires consolidated annual financial statements to be prepared and tabled. The RDP Act requires annual financial statements (AFS) for the RDP fund.	
Purpose/importance	Audited financial statements for stakeholders on the results and consolidated results for the year.	
Source/collection of data	Tabled RDP financial Statements.	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of consolidated annual financial statements.	
Data limitation	The consolidated AFS depends on the timely receipt of audited financial statements from all entities and departments.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Annually.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	Tabling 2 consolidated annual financial statements on 31 October.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Accounting Support and Reporting.	

Performance Indicator no 5.1.21	
Indicator title	Percentage of comments provided to Standard Setters on local and international exposure drafts
Short definition	Providing inputs into the development of local and international accounting standards which, when effective, will be applied by public sector entities in the preparation of their annual financial statements.
	These standards are issued by the ASB as Standards of Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (GRAP).
Purpose/importance	Public entities are, in terms of section 55 of the Public Finance Management Act, 1 of 1999, required to prepare financial statements in terms of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP). These Standards are also applicable to Municipalities and to municipal entities once effective.
Source/collection of data	Feedback on written and verbal comments received from respondents tabled at the Board meeting of the ASB.
Method of calculation	Number of comments provided to Standard Setters on local and international exposure drafts x 100 Total number of requests for comments on local and international exposure drafts received.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Yes.
Desired performance	100% comments provided to requests received.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Technical Support Services.

Performance Indicator no 5.1.22	
Indicator title	Number of Modified Cash Standard published
Short definition	The Modified Cash Standard is the reporting framework to be applied by national and provincial departments in the preparation and presentation of their annual financial statements.
Purpose/importance	In terms of Treasury Regulation 18, all national and provincial departments must prepare financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as determined by the National Treasury. Accordingly, the Office of the Accountant-General prescribes these accounting policies and principles through the Modified Cash Standard.
Source/collection of data	Legislation and the Standards of GRAP issued by the ASB.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of modified Cash Standards published.
Data limitation	Inputs provide by responders.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	Yes.
Desired performance	1 Modified Cash Standard published.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Technical Support Services.

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 5.1.23	
Indicator title	Percentage responses to queries logged on SCOA helpdesk	
Short definition	National and provincial departments log queries related to the application of the SCOA by way of a call centre operated in the National Treasury. Queries are discussed at a bi-weekly meeting of the SCOA Technical Committee prior to finalisation.	
Purpose/importance	The SCOA was developed and issued in terms of section 6 of the PFMA as required in terms of section 216 of the Constitution.	
Source/collection of data	Queries logged on the SCOA helpdesk.	
Method of calculation	Number of responses to queries logged on the SCOA helpdesk within 14 days of receipt x 100 Total number of queries logged on the SCOA helpdesk	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	Yes.	
Desired performance	100% of queries responded to in a specific time.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Technical Support Services.	

Strategic Objective 5.2

Support and facilitate capacity development across all Spheres of government in order to improve financial Management execution

Performance Indicator 5.2

Indicator title	Percentage of planned capacity development initiatives implemented
Short definition	To support and facilitate capacity development across all spheres of government in order to improve financial management execution.
Purpose/importance	To research, develop and implement interventions that contribute to improved public finance management (PFM) capacity, capability and performance in all three spheres of government, through institutional, organisational, individual and stakeholder development.
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers.
Method of calculation	Number of planned capacity development initiatives implemented X 100 Total number of capacity development initiatives planned for implementation
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% implementation of planned capacity development initiatives.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Accounting Support and Reporting. Chief Director: Capacity Building. Chief Directorate: Specialised Audit Services.

Performance Indicator	no 5.2.1
Indicator title	Number of training sessions conducted in the preparation of provincial consolidated financial statements, provincial revenue fund statements and implementation of generally recognised accounting practices (GRAP) standards
Short definition	Provision of support and training initiatives on provincial revenue funds and provincial consolidated financial statements, as well as to municipalities and public entities on GRAP standards.
Purpose/importance	Build capacity and improve capability in government personnel in the area of financial management.
Source/collection of data	Number of training sessions as indicated by training event attendance registers.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of training sessions.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	4 training sessions conducted in the preparation of provincial consolidated financial statements, provincial revenue fund statements and implementation of generally recognised accounting practices (GRAP) standards.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Accounting Support and Reporting.

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 5.2.2	
Indicator title	Percentage of the public financial management education, training and development implementation plan achieved.	
Short definition	Research, develop and pilot the delivery of the public financial management education, training and development solutions.	
Purpose/importance	The development of PFM ETD solutions that have specific relevance to the public sector in order to support the development of a cadre of high performance officials.	
Source/collection of data	ETD solutions and project reports.	
Method of calculation	Number of PFM ETD solutions implemented X 100	
	Number of PFM ETD solutions planned	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	100% of the planned public financial management education, training and development implementation plan achieved.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Capacity Building.	

Performance Indicator no 5.2.3	
Indicator title	Number of municipal officials trained in financial management competencies
Short definition	Provide training that enables municipal officials to comply with the financial management competency requirements of their positions, in alignment with the municipal regulations.
Purpose/importance	Promote compliance with required financial management minimum competency levels.
Source/collection of data	Data collated from various sources – Local Government Sector Education and Training Authority (LGSETA), listed training providers and municipalities – and maintained on a central learner management database.
Method of calculation	Simple count of municipal officials trained.
Data limitation	Data is captured in basic Excel which is onerous and needs automation for better disaggregation and analysis.
Type of indicator	Activity.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Provide training to 1000 municipal officials in financial management competencies.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Capacity Building.

Performance Indicator	no 5.2.4
Indicator title	Percentage of the public financial management capacity development strategy (CDS) implementation plan achieved
Short definition	Perform activities that support the achievement of the objectives of the CDS as defined in the annual CDS implementation plan.
Purpose/importance	The CDS provides a holistic, systemic and integrated approach to addressing the capacity constraints across government in order to achieve excellence in the management of public funds.
Source/collection of data	 Capacity Development Strategy implementation plan. Reports on progress made on the implementation plan.
Method of calculation	CDS implementation plan activities implemented X 100 CDS implementation plan activities due for implementation
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% of the planned public financial management capacity development strategy (CDS) implementation plan achieved.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Capacity Building.

Performance Indicator I	Performance Indicator no 5.2.5	
Indicator title	Percentage of qualifying trainees that participate in the academic support programme for prospective chartered accountants	
Short definition	The programme is intended to provide academic support to CA Trainees pursuing the chartered accountants profession.	
Purpose/importance	To contribute to addressing the shortage of financial management skills within the public sector.	
Source/collection of data	A list of participants in the CA academic support programme.	
Method of calculation	Number of qualifying candidates participating in the academic support programme X 100 Total number of qualifying candidates	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	100% of qualifying trainees participating in the academic support programme for prospective chartered accountants.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Capacity Building.	

Performance Indicator no 5.2.6	
Indicator title	Number of municipalities monitored to comply with minimum competencies regulations for financial management
Short definition	As part of ensuring good financial management is practiced by municipalities, municipalities will be monitored to ensure that they comply with the minimum competencies' regulations for financial management.
Purpose/importance	Good financial management is a challenge at local government hence interventions to address compliance with good financial management is a priority for local government.
Source/collection of data	Compliance Reports.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of municipalities monitored.
Data limitation	Late submission of relevant information by municipalities to monitor processes and progress made.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	70 municipalities monitored to comply with minimum competencies regulations for financial management.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Internal Audit Support. Chief Directorate: Risk Management.

Performance Indicator no 5.2.7	
Indicator title	Number of municipalities that received disclaimers and adverse opinions prioritised by NT and PTs supported.
Short definition	Strengthening of governance to reduce the number of audit findings.
Purpose/importance	Efficient, effective and economic use of resources.
Source/collection of data	Auditor-General's reports.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of municipalities supported.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Activity.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	30 municipalities that received disclaimers and adverse opinions prioritized by NT and PTs supported.
Indicator responsibility	CD: Internal Audit Support.

Strategic Objective 5.3

Manage existing financial systems and renew these as required to exercise comprehensive financial management

Performance Indicator no 5.3

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Indicator title	Percentage alignment of financial management systems to regulations, policies and instructions
Short definition	Manage existing financial systems and renew these as required to exercise comprehensive financial management.
Purpose/importance	Maintain existing financial systems including the provision of reliable, efficient and effective support and user training over the medium term.
Source/collection of data	Call centre logs, mainframe audit trails and other formal user requests.
Method of calculation	Number of financial management systems aligned to regulations, policies and instructions x 100 Total number of financial management systems
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% alignment of financial management systems to regulations, policies and instructions.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Financial Systems.

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 5.3.1	
Indicator title	Percentage availability of current transversal systems	
Short definition	Maintenance of current transversal systems: Basic Accounting System (BAS), Financial Management System (FMS), Logis, Persal and Vulindlela.	
	Ensure that these systems are available to government users during working hours in line with SLA agreements.	
Purpose/importance	Ensure that transversal financial management systems continue to operate within agreed parameters.	
Source/collection of data	Call centre logs, mainframe audit trails and other formal user requests.	
Method of calculation	Number of normal working days – number of normal working days mainframe was unavailable) X100	
	Number of normal working days	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output and efficiency.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	Maintain 98 percent availability of systems during working hours or in line with SLA with service provider.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Financial Systems.	

Performance indicator 5.3.2	
Indicator title	Implementation of the IFMS II plan
Short definition	To facilitate full implementation, IFMS implementation strategies will be published.
Purpose/importance	The IFMS Programme is a joint initiative between DPSA, National Treasury and SITA to replace the current legacy enterprise resource type systems such as BAS, LOGIS and PERSAL in the Public Service by implementing a single Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) Commercial Off The Shelf (COTS) system.
Source/collection of data	Signed memos/Reports/minutes of approval.
Method of calculation	Simple count (check if documents produced).
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	IFMS II plan implemented.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: IFMS.

Strategic Objective 5.4 Modernise SCM policies and procedures

Indicator title	Percentage of revised SCM Process and Procedures published
Short definition	Modernise SCM policies and procedures.
Purpose/importance	Comprehensive review of SCM policies to ensure a simplified and modernised SCM environment in government, including the amendment of processes and procedures in line with the revised policies.
Source/collection of data	Research reports from the dti and input from Economic Policy.
Method of calculation	Number of revised SCM Process and Procedures published x 100 Total number of SCM Process and Procedures revised
Data limitation	Inputs from key stakeholders affecting the quality of information and/or responses received (where required).
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% of revised SCM Process and Procedures published.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: SCM Policy and Legal.

Performance Indicator no 5.4.1	
Indicator title	Number of Instructions issued in line with policy interventions and proposed designated products or categories to enhance SCM Policy
Short definition	Issue instructions designating certain sectors or products with a stipulated minimum threshold for local production and content.
Purpose/importance	To ensure that local industrial development imperatives are achieved.
Source/collection of data	Research reports from the dti and input from NT's Economic Policy Division.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of Instructions issued.
Data limitation	Inputs from key stakeholders affecting the quality of information and/or responses received (where required).
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	6 instructions issued after taking into account relevant economic factors.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: SCM Policy and Legal.

Strategic Objective 5.5 Monitor and evaluate SCM performance Performance Indicator no 5.5

Indicator title	Percentage of SCM performance monitoring reports published on the website
Short definition	Monitor and evaluate SCM performance.
Purpose/importance	Exercise oversight over SCM policies, procedures, norms and standards. This entails oversight of: Published procurement plans, Published deviations and contract expansions, Bid specifications and procurement plans against SCM policies and procedures, Bid evaluation and adjudication to ensure compliance with evaluation criteria/scoring, Implementation of projects against contract specifications and conditions of tender.
Source/collection of data	Data is obtained from the departments/ entities.
Method of calculation	Number of SCM performance monitoring reports published on the website X 100 Total number of SCM performance monitoring reports concluded
Data limitation	Only the information received from the departments and public entities is published.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% of SCM performance monitoring reports published on the website.
Indicator responsibility	Process owner: Chief Director: SCM – GMC Managing and reporting Directorate: Monitoring and Compliance.

Performance Indicator no 5.5.1	
Indicator title	Percentage of departments' / entities' deviation/expansion requests reviewed
Short definition	Deviations and expansions reviewed and published to create openness and transparency on awards outside of the competitive bidding process. A request is considered "reviewed" once correspondence is issued to the respective department/entity indicating whether the request is supported/not supported/ closed.
Purpose/importance	Enhance transparency and openness in the procurement process.
Source/collection of data	Data is obtained from the departments/ entities.
Method of calculation	Number of deviations/expansions reviewed x100 Number of deviations/ expansions received
Data limitation	Deviations/expansions received 5 days prior to the end of each quarter will be reported in the next quarter.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	100% of departments' / entities' deviation/expansion requests reviewed.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: SCM – Governance Monitoring Compliance.

Performance Indicator no 5.5.2	
Indicator title	Percentage of procurement plans published on the e-tender portal
Short definition	Procurement plans published to ensure transparent and highlight business possible opportunities.
Purpose/importance	To notify public on business opportunities available from various state institutions.
Source/collection of data	Procurement plans.
Method of calculation	Number of procurement plans published on the e-tender portal X 100 Number of procurement plans received
Data limitation	Only the information received from the departments and public entities is published.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% of procurement plans published on the e-tender portal.
Indicator responsibility	Process owner: Chief Director: SCM – GMC Managing and reporting: SCM Governance.

Performance Indicator no 5.5.3	
Indicator title	Percentage of bids reviewed to ensure compliance with norms and standards
Short definition	Review completed bid specifications to ensure compliance with policy, norms and standards and any SCM prescripts.
Purpose/importance	Ensure that bid specifications are unbiased and transparent.
Source/collection of data	 Reports of reviews conducted. Reports issued to bid owners.
Method of calculation	Number of completed bids reviewed X 100 Number of completed bids received
Data limitation	Long turnaround times if clients do not respond in time to queries.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Review 100% of bid specifications received.
Indicator responsibility	Process owner: Chief Director: SCM.

Performance Indicator no 5.5.4	
Indicator title	Percentage of projects inspected to verify if the delivery of awarded contracts is aligned with the contract conditions
Short definition	The verification of projects including the goods, services and works delivered.
Purpose/importance	To ensure that awarded contracts for goods, services and works are delivered and are compliant with the specifications and contract conditions.
Source/collection of data	Identified projects from various sources.
Method of calculation	Projects inspected X 100 Projects identified
Data limitation	Delay in confirmation from institutions.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% of projects inspected to verify if the delivery of awarded contracts is aligned with the contract conditions.
Indicator responsibility	Process Owner: Chief Director: SCM - GMC.

Strategic Objective 5.6

Develop and implement strategic procurement

Indicator title	Strategy for strategic procurement implemented
Short definition	Implement the strategy for strategic procurement.
Purpose/importance	Implementation of a strategic procurement framework, guidelines and tools in order to contribute to efficient and effective procurement by expanding centre-led contracting for common goods and service.
Source/collection of data	From stakeholders.
Method of calculation	Simple count – strategy for strategic procurement implemented.
Data limitation	Fragmented data sources.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Strategy for strategic procurement implemented.
Indicator responsibility	OCPO: CD-Strategic Procurement.

Indicator 5.6.1	
Indicator title	Percentage implementation of Strategic Sourcing Opportunities Plan
Short definition	The identification of new strategic sourcing opportunities, development of sourcing strategies and implementation (hand-over) of sourcing strategies.
Purpose/importance	To ensure the institutionalisation of strategic sourcing and to ensure a continuous stream of projects to realise government's savings and efficiency objectives.
Source/collection of data	The Strategic Sourcing Opportunities Plan. Various ERP systems across government (BAS, LOGIS, Payment systems, Order systems).
Method of calculation	Number of projects implemented x100 Number of projects planned
Data limitation	Fragmented systems; no standard item classification and codification system.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% implementation of Strategic Sourcing Opportunities Plan.
Indicator responsibility	OCPO: CD-Strategic Procurement.

Performance Indicator no 5.6.2	
Indicator title	Number of transversal term contracts implemented
	A transversal contract refers to a contract for common goods or services or ad hoc goods and services in which more than one government institution participates.
Short definition	A national procurement system refers to expansion of the present portfolio of transversal contracts to include various commodities purchased routinely by departments.
	Implementation refers to the contracts that are renewed or effected for the first time.
Purpose/importance	Contracts are maintained and sourced primarily to achieve economies of scale through bulk purchasing.
Source/collection of data	An annual transversal term contract register is maintained by the Chief Directorate: Transversal Contracting.
Method of calculation	Simple count of the number of transversal term contracts implemented.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	22 transversal term contracts implemented.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Transversal Contracts.

Strategic Objective 5.7 Build and strengthen stakeholder relations

Indicator title	Build and strengthen stakeholder relations
Short definition	Provide an environment for SCM engagements and for support to stakeholders/clients.
Purpose/importance	To provide stakeholders with information necessary to engage with government and inter-governmental structures will be supported through approaches fitting for each client to ensure their mandates are carried out with the correct understanding and interpretation of expectations.
Source/collection of data	Where minutes are available these will be provided. Where none exist like workshops, calendars will be provided.
Method of calculation	Simple count – Implemented stakeholder engagement model.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Stakeholder engagement model implemented.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Stakeholders & Clients Management.

Performance Indicator no 5.7.1	
Indicator title	Number of stakeholder engagements conducted
Short definition	Stakeholders & Clients Management is responsible for providing a platform for both the OCPO and stakeholders to engage on issues that affect both parties. It also provides support to inter-governmental structures on the SCM-related issues.
Purpose/importance	To provide stakeholders with information necessary to engage with government and inter-governmental structures will be supported through approaches fitting for each client to ensure their mandates are carried out with the correct understanding and interpretation of expectations.
Source/collection of data	Where minutes are available these will be provided. Where none exist, calendars and attendance registers will be provided.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of engagements conducted.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	16 stakeholder engagements conducted.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Stakeholders & Clients Management.

Performance Indicator no 5.7.2	
Indicator title	Number of prioritised departments and entities supported on supply chain
Short definition	The Stakeholders & Clients management is responsible for setting up an email facility and a walk-in centre to facilitate the payment of suppliers by Departments, Constitutional Institutions, and Public Entities listed in Schedule 2 and 3, within 30 days from receipt of an invoice. It also provides support to inter-governmental structures on the SCM-related issues.
Purpose/importance	Ensure payment of suppliers through facilitation and implementation of Instruction Note 5 of 2016/17.
Source/collection of data	Queries lodged by affected service providers.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of prioritised departments and entities supported.
Data limitation	Contracts entered into without following prescribed procurement processes.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	10 prioritised departments and entities supported on supply chain.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Stakeholders & Clients Management.

Strategic Objective 5.8 Modernise and automate SCM processes

Indicator title	e-Procurement implemented
Short definition	Modernise and automate SCM processes.
Purpose/importance	Modernise ICT to improve SCM performance and reduce the amount of paper used in processing transactions.
Source/collection of data	Solutions to be implemented based on the OCPO's SCM ICT and policy guidelines.
Method of calculation	Simple count – e-procurement implemented.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	e-Procurement implemented.
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury OCPO: Chief Directorate SCM ICT.

Performance Indicator no 5.8.1	
Indicator title	Number of tenders advertised on an electronic tendering platform for transversal contracts
Short definition	Develop an efficient way of conducting commercial transactions online on the world wide web, to reduce time of processing tenders.
Purpose/importance	It offers government the opportunity to increase its efficiency in conducting business whilst reducing costs.
Source/collection of data	Solutions to be implemented based on the OCPO's SCM ICT and policy guidelines.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of tenders.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	10000 tenders advertised on an electronic tendering platform for transversal contracts.
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury OCPO: Chief Directorate SCM ICT.

Performance Indicator no 5.8.2	
Indicator title	Number of business processes defined for SCM
Short definition	Compiled business processes to be implemented for SCM relating to national, provincial and local government and to government entities.
Purpose/importance	It offers government the opportunity to increase its efficiency in conducting business whilst reducing costs.
Source/collection of data	Business processes will be maintained by the OCPO's SCM ICT.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of business processes.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	124 business processes defined for SCM.
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury OCPO: Chief Directorate SCM ICT.

Performance Indicator no 5.8.3	
Indicator title	Number of municipalities supported in SCM and contract management audit findings / opinions; monitoring corrective actions taken by non-compliant municipalities
Short definition	Attain sound financial management at local government level.
Purpose/importance	Strengthening of governance to reduce the number of audit findings.
Source/collection of data	List of municipalities supported.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of municipalities supported.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Yes.
Desired performance	1 metro; 10 Districts and 100 municipalities supported in SCM and contract management audit findings / opinions; monitoring corrective actions taken by non-compliant municipalities.
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury OCPO: Chief Directorate SCM ICT.

PROGRAMME 6

Strategic Objective 6.1

Advance South Africa's interests specifically, and those of Africa more generally, through regular strategic analysis, engagements and negotiations at regional and global financial and economic forums

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Indicator title	Number of initiatives conducted to advance South Africa's interests
	specifically, and those of Africa more generally
Short Definition	Assessing the content and context of current policy debates and expanding
	awareness of them and managing the relationship between South Africa and
	selected public finance and development institutions, with particular focus on
	implementation of agreements.
Purpose/importance	Advance South Africa's interests specifically, and those of Africa more
	generally, through regular strategic analysis, engagements and negotiations at
	regional and global financial and economic forums.
Source/collection of	Reports or minutes on intervention.
data	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of initiatives (reports or minutes on interventions).
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for
	public consumption.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annual.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	22 initiatives conducted to advance South Africa's interests specifically, and
	those of Africa more generally.
Indicator	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration.
responsibility	Chief Directorate: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional
	Finance.
	Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets.
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Indicator 6.1.1	
Indicator title	Percentage of obligations towards international agreements met
	monitored
Short definition	Ensuring monitoring of the meeting of obligations arising from the international
	agreements that National Treasury is party to. Furthermore to identify the
	potential benefits and risks which South Africa could incur as a result of
	signing specific agreements.
Purpose/importance	To ensure that South Africa complies with, and is able to demonstrate such
	compliance with international agreements that the National Treasury is party
	to.
Source/collection of	Relevant international agreements.
data	Through an obligation monitoring register that will include the following: Name
	of agreement; List of obligations; Status of obligations; Remedial action taken
	if appropriate and Document evidence reference
Method of calculation	Number of obligations towards international agreements met monitored x100
	Number of obligations towards international agreements
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not
	for public consumption.
	International Agreements only refers to those international agreements
	that the National Treasury is party to.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% of obligations towards international agreements met monitored.
Indicator	Chief Directorate: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional
responsibility	Finance.
	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration.
	Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets.

Performance Indicator no 6.1.2	
Indicator title	Percentage response to customer requests on mandatory briefing notes
	and analysis
Short definition	 A briefing note contains the facts, detailed information and/or a country position that should be used as a guide for a particular meeting. Analyses refer to the synthesis of data in a manner that draws indications, inferences or bases for recommendations. Mandatory refers to customer requests either received in respect of meetings or as determined by the agenda of the designated meetings, including but not limited to the following organisations: SADC, SACU, AU, ARF, G20; BRICS, WB&IMF, AfDB, OECD, WEF, WEF AFRICA, IDA, ADF, PARIS CLUB, Financing for Climate Change, Financing for Development and Sustainable Developed Goals, UNECA, G24, Commonwealth. Customer includes but is not limited to the Minister of Finance, Director-General of National Treasury, Presidency.
Purpose/importance	To further the interests of South Africa by influencing the agenda,
	proceedings and outcomes of meetings.
Source/collection of	Analysis and briefs on current issues are compiled by the relevant Chief
data	Directorates within IREP. Requests and responses are recorded in registers
	within the relevant Chief Directorates.
Method of calculation	Number of customer requests responded to Total number of customer requestss x100
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% response to customer requests on mandatory briefing notes and analysis.
Indicator	Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets
responsibility	Chief Directorates: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional
	Finance
	Chief Directorate: Country and Thematic Analysis
	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration

Performance Indicator no 6.1.3	
Indicator title	Percentage response to customer requests on ad-hoc briefing notes and
	analyses
Short definition	 A briefing note contains the facts, detailed information and/or a country position that should be used as a guide for a particular meeting. Analyses refer to the synthesis of data in a manner that draws indications, inferences or bases for recommendations. Ad-hoc refers to customer requests arising from non-agenda meetings, including but not limited to the following organisations: SADC, SACU, AU, ARF, G20; BRICS, WB&IMF, AfDB, OECD, WEF, WEF AFRICA, IDA, ADF, PARIS CLUB, Financing for Climate Change, Financing for Development and Sustainable Developed Goals, UNECA, G24, Commonwealth.
	Customer includes but is not limited to the Minister of Finance, Director- General of National Treasury, Presidency.
Purpose/importance	To further the interests of South Africa by influencing the agenda, proceedings and outcomes of meetings.
Source/collection of	Analysis and briefs on current issues are compiled by the relevant Chief
data	 Directorates within IREP. Requests and responses are recorded in registers within the relevant Chief Directorates.
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Number of responses to customer requests on ad-hoc briefing notes and analyses}}{\text{Total number of customer requests on ad-hoc briefing notes and analyses}}} x100$
Data limitation	Evidence that refer to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% response to customer requests on ad-hoc briefing notes and analyses.
Indicator	Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets.
responsibility	 Chief Directorates: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional Finance. Chief Directorate: Country and Thematic Analysis. Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration.

Strategic Objective 6.2 Increase Africa's voice and South Africa's influence in international institutions and forums Performance Indicator no 6.2 Indicator title Number of strategic Ministerial briefings aimed at governance reforms in international financial institutions provided **Short Definition** Increase Africa's voice and South Africa's influence in international institutions and forums (IMF, World Bank, G24, G20 and BRICS). Purpose/importance Strengthen and expand South Africa's engagement in key institutions and with partners at selected policy for an Increase capital participation (as appropriate) to more firmly anchor South Africa's role in advancing governance reform and pressing for improved effectiveness in the delivery of institutional / organisational mandates. Source/collection of data Strategic Ministerial briefings Reports/Motivations. Method of calculation Simple count of number of strategic Ministerial briefings provided **Data limitation** Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption. Type of indicator Output. Non-cumulative. Calculation type Reporting cycle Annually. **New indicator** Yes. **Desired performance** 4 strategic Ministerial briefings aimed at governance reforms in international financial institutions provided. **Indicator responsibility** Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration Chief Directorate: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional Finance

Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets

Performance Indicator no 6.2.1	
Indicator title	Number of interventions to increase South Africa's presence within institutions of particular strategic value
Short Definition	Increasing influence in these institutions in line with SA's interests specifically and Africa's interests generally. This can be done through, but is not limited to, influencing and achieving the appointment of a SA Executive Director at the AfDB and an alternate Executive Director at the WB and IMF.
Purpose/importance	Increasing South Africa's presence in strategically valuable institutions, such as the AfDB, World Bank, IMF and OECD through appropriate means and measures.
Source/collection of data	Reports or minutes on intervention, linked directly to the increased presence at the particular institutions.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of interventions.
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	1 intervention to increase South Africa's presence within institutions of particular strategic value.
Indicator responsibility	 Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration Chief Directorate: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional Finance Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets

Performance Indicator no 6.2.2	
Indicator title	Percentage of interventions in pursuit of institutional reform implemented
Short definition	The implementation of a plan to effect interventions in pursuit of institutional reform. This includes, but is not limited to, institutional reform and budget reform within AU structures.
Purpose/importance	This pursuit of institutional reform is intended to advance South Africa's interests specifically, and those of Africa more generally.
Source/collection of data	The implementation plan; Monitoring reports; Evidence of plan implemented.
Method of calculation	Number of interventions implemented Total number of interventions planned to be implemented x100
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	100% interventions in pursuit of institutional reform implemented.
Indicator responsibility	 Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration. Chief Directorate: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional Finance. Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets.

Strategic Objective 6.3

Support an enabling environment for increased economic activity within Africa

Indicator title	African strategy implemented
Short definition	To support an enabling environment for increased economic activity
	within Africa.
Purpose/importance	Promote regional economic integration and strengthen economic links
	within Africa by: Encouraging increased cooperation and investment that
	support improved interconnectedness in the region; Expanding bilateral
	engagements on issues of mutual interest.
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Source/collection of data	Reports / minutes / consultation records.
	·
Method of calculation	Simple count – Approved Africa Strategy.
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not
	for public consumption.
	Tor public consumption.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annual.
Reporting cycle	Allitual.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Approved Africa Strategy.
	11
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration.

Performance Indicator no 6.3.1	
Indicator title	Number of initiatives developed to expand relations with key
	strategic partners in Africa
Short definition	To develop a coherent engagement strategy for Africa and to refine the
	implementation of the strategy over the medium-term.
Purpose/importance	To expand relations with key strategic partners.
Source/collection of data	Reports / minutes / consultation records.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of initiatives.
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	1 initiative developed to expand relations with key strategic partners in Africa.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration.

Performance Indicator no 6.3.2	
Indicator title	Percentage of implemented identified projects and plans to
	accelerate regional integration reviewed
Short definition	To help SA achieve its strategic objectives and contribute to increased
	economic activity in the region.
Purpose/importance	In order to exploit opportunities with key strategic partners, an alignment
	of interests and mutual awareness of available opportunities is
	necessary with the ultimate goal of accelerating regional integration.
Source/collection of data	The implementation plan; Monitoring reports; Evidence of plan
	implemented.
Method of calculation	Number of identified projects and plans to accelerate regional integration im
	Total number of identified projects and plans to accelerate regional integra
Data limitation	Evidence that refer to documents that are confidential or secret and not
	for public consumption.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	100% implementation of identified projects and plans to accelerate
	regional integration reviewed.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration
	Chief Directorate: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional
	Finance

PROGRAMME 7

Strategic Objective 7.1	Strategic Objective 7.1	
Ensure good governance and	d robust control environment for fund administration	
Performance Indicator no 7.1		
Indicator title	Improved audit outcome	
Short definition	Ensure good governance and a robust control environment for fund administration.	
Purpose/importance	Ensure effective administration of funds where funds paid to eligible applicants and recipients are accurate, punctual and cost effective as required by the applicable legislation.	
Source/collection of data	Auditor-General's report.	
Method of calculation	Simple count – no repeat findings.	
Data limitation	None.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Annually.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	Audit outcomes improved with no year on year repeat findings.	
Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Programme 7 (GPAA).	

Performance Indicator no 7.1.1	
Indicator title	Percentage of benefits validated for payments paid within liable
	dates
Short definition	Complete benefits validated for payment on time:
	Post-retirement medical benefits validated and paid within 45
	days.
	Injury on duty benefits validated and paid within 45 days.
	Special pension benefits validated and paid within 45 days.
	Military pensions benefits validated and paid within 45 days.
	Other benefits validated and paid within 45 days.
Purpose/importance	To measure the amount of time it takes from receiving complete
	documents to processing, validation and payment of benefits within
	liability date.
Source/collection of data	Applications, Awards and Schedules of Members from medical
	schemes. Reports of all benefits applications received and paid in a
	particular period.
Method of calculation	Number of complete benefits validated for payment paid within liability
	date during the reporting period X 100
	Total number of complete benefits applications received
Data limitation	Delays by employer in submitting original awards from Compensation
	Fund for IOD, delays by applicants in submission of banking details for
	SP and MP, employers submitting Post-retirement medical benefit forms
	to GPAA with errors.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	96% of benefits validated for payments paid within liable dates.
Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Programme 7 (GPAA).

Performance Indicator no 7.1.2	
Indicator title	Percentage Compliance with SLA between NT and GPAA specifically Programme 7 related indicators
Short definition	Compliance to Service Level Agreement with National Treasury.
Purpose/importance	To track compliance with all predetermined service levels.
Source/collection of data	Systems reports : Excel spread sheets, MIS and CIVPEN.
Method of calculation	Total achieved SLA indicators X 100 Total number SLA indicators
Data limitation	Delays by employer departments in submitting outstanding information to enable GPAA to process and finalize benefits in time.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	97.5% compliance with customer service level agreement.
Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Programme 7 (GPAA).

Performance Indicator no 7.1.3	
Indicator title	Percentage integrity of client data
Short definition	To consistently improve client data integrity, to the extent that the quality
	of client information is consistently accurate, difficult to compromise and
	reliable.
Purpose/importance	To ensure that the integrity and reliability of data meet high standard and
	free from the risks of incorrect payment of benefits.
Source/collection of data	Data script up against CIVPEN system and exceptions reports provided to
	management.
Method of calculation	(Total Membership data -Total exceptions) x 100
	Total Programme membership data
Data limitation	Delays by IT in implementing proposed system changes to address data
	issues.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	85% integrity of client data achieved.
Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Programme 7 (GPAA).

Strategic Objective 7.2

Provide an improved and integrated customer service experience

Indicator title	Percentage of customer service complaints responded to
Short definition	Respond to customer complaints within predetermined time frame.
Purpose/importance	To improve customer experience.
Source/collection of	Schedule of customer service complaints resolved within seven days of
data	receipt.
Method of calculation	Number of complaints responded to within seven days of receipt X 100
	Total number of complaints received
Data limitation	Delays by Employer in submitting necessary information, delays by Appeal
	Board in finalization of appeal cases, and delays by the Compensation Fund in
	addressing errors.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Maintain 100% response to complaints within 7 days of receipt.
Indicator	General Manager: Programme 7 (GPAA).
responsibility	General Manager. Frogramme / (GFAA).

Indicator no 7.2.1	
Indicator title	Percentage of customer service complaints responded to within seven
	days
Short definition	Respond to customer complaints within predetermined timeframe.
Purpose/importance	To improve customer experience.
Source/collection of	Schedule of customer service complaints resolved within seven days.
data	
Method of calculation	Number of complaints responded to within seven days of receipt X 100
	Total number of complaints received
Data limitation	Delays by Employer in submitting necessary information, delays by Appeal
	Board in finalization of appeal cases, delays by the Compensation Fund in
	addressing errors.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Maintain 100% response to complaints within 7 days of receipt.
Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Programme 7 (GPAA).
гозронзівніцу	

PROGRAMME 8

Strategic Objective 8.1

Establishment of GTAC as a centre of excellence in public sector advisory services, transaction support, project management and public finance management

Indicator title	Management support delivers an unqualified audit
Short definition	Ensure good governance and internal controls.
Purpose/importance	Ensure effective administration of funds where funds paid to eligible
	applicants and that recipients are accurate, punctual and cost effective as
	required by the applicable legislation.
Source/collection of data	Auditor-General's report.
Method of calculation	Simple count - Management Support (Programme 1) must deliver an
	unqualified audit.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Unqualified audit delivered by management support.
Indicator responsibility	Chief-Director: Financial Management.

Performance Indicator no 8.1.1	
Indicator title	Number of GTAC quarterly monitoring reports on progress produced
Short definition	Reporting on operations of the Government Technical Advisory Centre. Progress of GTAC operations monitored through reports to DG and Minister.
Purpose/importance	Managing the institutional relationship to ensure that GTAC efforts are aligned with the priorities of government and the Ministry of Finance by: Ensuring compliance with governance, reporting requirements and continued monitoring and evaluation of programme implementation.
Source/collection of data	Quarterly Reports.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of monitoring reports on progress produced.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	4 GTAC quarterly monitoring reports on progress produced.
Indicator responsibility	Chief-Director: Strategy, Management and Communication.

Performance Indicator no 8.1.2	
Indicator title	Number of technical advisory projects supported
Short definition	 A project is considered supported once it has been registered on the GTAC Intranet and allocated a project number. Projects are categorised as New, Ongoing and Completed. New projects are requests that have been registered and approved by the Project Selection Committee. Ongoing means that a project is being implemented. Completed means that the project is closed and all related documentation has been uploaded in the Intranet.
Purpose/importance	To give an indication of the number of technical advisory projects supported by GTAC.
Source/collection of data	GTAC Intranet: Project Management Module or the Project List available on the i-drive.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of technical advisory projects.
Data limitations	The number of projects per status (pipeline, current and completed) is, by nature, variable. Therefore, the numbers reported reflect the system register at that particular date.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	80 technical advisory projects supported.
Indicator responsibility	Chief-Directors: Technical Consulting Services.

Performance Indicator no 8.1.3	
Indicator title	Number of transaction advisory projects registered
Short definition	A transaction advisory project is considered registered if it is registered at National Treasury and a letter has been sent through to PPP unit to initiate the project.
Purpose/importance	To give an indication of the number of transaction advisory projects registered as required by Regulation 16.
Source/collection of data	Register of projects on the I-drive and on GTAC Intranet.
Method of calculation	Simple count of transaction advisory projects registered.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	17 transaction advisory projects registered.
Indicator responsibility	Chief-Director: Transaction Advisory Services.

Performance Indicator no 8.1.4	
Indicator title	Number of capital project appraisal reports completed
	Provide advice on capital projects as agreed with relevant stakeholders in the National Treasury and line departments.
Short definition	Capital projects relate to large multi-year projects in respect of key
	government infrastructure, such as infrastructure required for the
	provision of water and energy to all citizens.
	The indicator measures the degree to which the CPU is researching and
	completing reports on capital projects. Large capital projects require a
Purpose/importance	focused and coherent approach to resolve challenges proactively and
	appropriately. Key decisions on these matters have a strategic impact
	which could involve significant monetary value and which influence
	service delivery with long-term financial implications.
Source/collection of data	Project List on the i-drive/ GTAC Intranet and capital projects advisory
	report.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of capital project appraisal reports completed.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	5 capital project appraisal reports completed.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: National Capital Projects Appraisal Unit.

Performance Indicator no 8.1.5	
Indicator title	Number of performance and expenditure reviews supported
	Public Expenditure and Policy Analysis reviews seek to investigate the resourcing and performance of government operations, in relation to the applicable policy.
Short definition	Support includes the following: -Summarize and promote uptake and utilisation with stakeholder groups on PER's already completed -Training course of the Baseline Assessment and Costing of New Policies for either national departments, provincial departments, national treasury, provincial treasuries, parliamentary research staff and other interested partiesProduction of the Inforgraphics - A new approach of 'infographics—short hand graphical display of main finance points -Infographics of the completed PERs are produced and presented on the Technical Committee for Finance and Budget Council ForumPresenting the PERs on the TCFs meeting and workshops in the provincial departments, national departments and provincial treasuries -Update PER costing models and remuneration expenditure analysis
Purpose/importance	The Public Expenditure and Policy Analysis offers government the ability to re-calibrate, where necessary, the extent of resources to deliver on selected policies of government The policy custodian is engaged in the review and involved in the development of scenarios to achieve objectives most efficiently.
Source/collection of data	Project register list on the I-Drive and GTAC Intranet.
Method of calculation	Simple count of performance and expenditure reviews supported.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	5 Performance and Expenditure reviews supported.
Indicator responsibility	Head: Public Expenditure and Policy Analysis.

Local government financial management improvement

Indicator title	Number of technical advisors placed at national treasury, provincial
	treasuries and municipalities through the Municipal Finance
	Improvement Programme (MFIP)
	MFIP III programme is meant to support municipalities and provincial
Short definition	treasuries through placement of advisors to build institutional capacity to
	deliver on the MFMA reforms.
Purpose/importance	To assist municipalities build their capacity to deliver under the MFMA
rui pose/iiiiportance	reforms.
Source/collection of data	Appointment letters of technical advisors.
Source/conection of data	Consolidated Quarterly MFIP III Progress Reports.
	Simple count of the number of MFIP technical advisors placed or
Method of calculation	maintained at national treasury, provincial treasuries and municipalities.
	This is a number of technical advisors placed in a year.
	Minimal data limitation as this is compiled using adopted and agreed-
Data limitations	upon provincial and municipal support plans which contain targets of
	achievement against identified outcomes.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	Yes.
	60 technical advisors placed or maintained at national treasury,
Desired performance	provincial treasuries and municipalities through the Municipal Finance
	Improvement Programme (MFIP).
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Capacity Building, MFIP III Programme Management
indicator responsibility	Unit.

Performance Indicator no 8.2.1	
Indicator title	Number of technical advisors placed at national treasury,
	provincial treasuries and municipalities through the Municipal
	Finance Improvement Programme (MFIP).
	The MFIP programme is meant to support municipalities through the
	placement of technical advisors at national treasury, provincial
Short definition	treasuries and municipalities to build institutional and technical
	capacity to deliver on the MFMA and related municipal financial
	management reforms.
Purpose/importance	To assist municipalities to develop their institutional and technical
T di poco/importanico	capacity to deliver under the municipal financial management reforms.
Source/collection of data	Appointment letters of technical advisors.
Godi oc, oon conon or data	Consolidated Quarterly MFIP III Progress Reports.
	Simple count of the number of MFIP technical advisors placed or
Method of calculation	maintained at national treasury, provincial treasuries and municipalities.
	This is a number of technical advisors placed at any given quarter.
	Minimal data limitation as this is compiled using adopted and agreed-
Data limitations	upon provincial and municipal support plans which contain targets of
	achievement against identified outcomes.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Yes.
	60 technical advisors placed at national treasury, provincial treasuries
Desired performance	and municipalities through the Municipal Finance Improvement
	Programme (MFIP).
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: MFIP III Programme Management Unit.

Promotion of urban integration and neighbourhood Development

Number of urban integration and neighbourhood development
initiatives supported
Promotion of urban integration and neighbourhood development.
Promote public and private investment in city development, integrated
urban networks and neighbourhood development initiatives.
Plans are collected, reviewed by the NDPP and the status reflected
via an Acceptance Letter. Deliverables are stored as records within
the NDPP Unit File plan structure.
Built Environment Performance Plans (BEPP) submitted by the
municipalities.
Simple count.
None.
Output.
Non-cumulative.
Annually.
No.
46 urban integration and neighbourhood development initiatives
supported.
Head: Neighbourhood Development Partnership Programme
Cities Support Programme.
Chief Directorate : Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure

Performance Indicator no 8.3.1	
Indicator title	Number of investment plans completed
Short definition	Detailed planning, design and management of precincts within the urban networks as identified by municipalities using a Transit Oriented Development approach, as outlined in the NDP Unit's Urban Hub Design Toolkit.
Purpose/importance	 The purpose of investment plans are to: Identify land uses and reflect the long-term strategic spatial transformation plans at precinct level. Lead to the identification and prioritisation of the Intergovernmental Project Pipeline. Lead to the identification of non-capital interventions to unlock investment in precincts. Identify and unlock both public and private sector leverage. Lead to the ongoing sustainable management of the precinct by stakeholders.
Source/collection of data	Precinct Investment Plan Acceptance via Minutes of Precinct Review Sessions – NDP File Plan Structure (i-drive).
Method of calculation	Simple count.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	4 investment plans completed.
Indicator responsibility	Head: Neighbourhood Development Partnership Programme.

Performance Indicator no 8.3.2	
Indicator title	Number of catalytic projects approved
Short definition	Catalytic project components are identified within strategic nodes, urban hubs, and secondary linkages as part of the precinct planning phase and also in rural areas. A list of prioritised catalytic projects (name, scope, completion dates and costs estimates) is developed in each identified Urban Hub precinct. Projects from the list are given "permission to proceed with implementation planning" as a result are regarded as approved.
Purpose/importance	 The purpose of approving catalytic projects are to: Link a municipality's development objectives and strategic planning processes to physical projects on the ground. Target investment and development within strategically well-located areas to ensure value for money and to optimise impact. Sequence the delivery and budgeting of identified and prioritised projects at the precinct level. Ensure that the projects contribute as a catalytic investment to achieve a return of investment at third party leverage at the precinct level. Improve the quality of life and the levels of access to opportunity for residents in South Africa's under-served neighbourhoods.
Source/collection of data	Permission to Proceed with Planning (Project Approval Correspondence to municipalities) – NDP MIS.
Method of calculation	Simple count of the approved catalytic projects.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	20 catalytic projects approved.
Indicator responsibility	Head: Neighbourhood Development Partnership Programme.

Performance Indicator no 8.3.3	
Indicator title	Number of programmes in Integration Zones identified for planning
Short definition	Within the integration zones cities need to identify, plan and implement catalytic projects. These projects must be integrated (mixed land use, mixed income, leverage investment from the private sector (households/business) and hence form part of larger infrastructure / land development programmes.
Purpose/importance	Many projects are generally planned sectorally and the synergies and efficiencies (with regarding financing and outcomes) that can be generated through integration are not realised. Programme planning is a critical part of the land development cycle. By undertaking the programme planning, a pipeline of projects is being developed and provides an indication of the potential number of projects that could be implemented.
Source/collection of data	Built Environment Performance Plans submitted by municipalities.
Method of calculation	Simple count of the number of programmes in Integration zones as reflected in the BEPP submitted to NT.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	12 programmes in Integration Zones identified for planning.
Indicator responsibility	Cities Support Programme Chief Directorate : Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure

Performance Indicator no 8.3.4	
Indicator title	Number of programmes in Integration Zones under Implementation
Short definition	The integration zones are spatially targeted areas for infrastructure investment by the cities sometimes in partnership with the private sector.
	The implementation phase of the projects includes detailed design, construction and close out/ completion.
Purpose/importance	Many projects are generally financed and implemented sectorally and the synergies and efficiencies (with regard to financing and sustainability etc) that can be generated through integration are not realised. It is important to measure the number of projects being implemented as this relates to the expenditure of the grant finance
Source/collection of data	They are reflected in the Built Environment Performance Plans (BEPP) of the municipalities and submitted to National Treasury on a yearly basis.
Method of calculation	Simple count of the number of projects under implementation in integration zones reflected in the BEPP submitted to NT for the year.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Bi-annually.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	10 programmes in Integration Zones under Implementation.
Indicator responsibility	Cities Support Programme CD : Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure.

PROGRAMME 8

Strategic Objective 8.1

Establishment of GTAC as a centre of excellence in public sector advisory services, transaction support, project management and public finance management

Indicator title	Management support delivers an unqualified audit
Short definition	Ensure good governance and internal controls.
Purpose/importance	Ensure effective administration of funds where funds paid to eligible
	applicants and that recipients are accurate, punctual and cost effective
	as required by the applicable legislation.
Source/collection of data	Auditor-General's report.
Method of calculation	Simple count - Management Support (Programme 1) must deliver an
	unqualified audit.
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	Unqualified audit delivered by management support.
Indicator responsibility	Chief-Director: Financial Management.

Performance Indicator no 8.1.1	
Indicator title	Number of GTAC quarterly monitoring reports on progress produced
Short definition	Reporting on operations of the Government Technical Advisory Centre. Progress of GTAC operations monitored through reports to DG and Minister.
Purpose/importance	Managing the institutional relationship to ensure that GTAC efforts are aligned with the priorities of government and the Ministry of Finance by: Ensuring compliance with governance, reporting requirements and continued monitoring and evaluation of programme implementation.
Source/collection of data	Quarterly Reports.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of monitoring reports on progress produced.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	4 GTAC quarterly monitoring reports on progress produced.
Indicator responsibility	Chief-Director: Strategy, Management and Communication.

Performance Indicator no 8.1.2	
Indicator title	Number of technical advisory projects supported
Short definition	 A project is considered supported once it has been registered on the GTAC Intranet and allocated a project number. Projects are categorised as New, Ongoing and Completed. New projects are requests that have been registered and approved by the Project Selection Committee. Ongoing means that a project is being implemented. Completed means that the project is closed and all related documentation has been uploaded in the Intranet.
Purpose/importance	To give an indication of the number of technical advisory projects supported by GTAC.
Source/collection of data	GTAC Intranet: Project Management Module or the Project List available on the i-drive.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of technical advisory projects.
Data limitations	The number of projects per status (pipeline, current and completed) is, by nature, variable. Therefore, the numbers reported reflect the system register at that particular date.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	80 technical advisory projects supported.
Indicator responsibility	Chief-Directors: Technical Consulting Services.

Performance Indicator no 8.1.3	
Indicator title	Number of transaction advisory projects registered
Short definition	A transaction advisory project is considered registered if it is registered at National Treasury and a letter has been sent through to PPP unit to initiate the project.
Purpose/importance	To give an indication of the number of transaction advisory projects registered as required by Regulation 16.
Source/collection of data	Register of projects on the I-drive and on GTAC Intranet.
Method of calculation	Simple count of transaction advisory projects registered.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	17 transaction advisory projects registered.
Indicator responsibility	Chief-Director: Transaction Advisory Services.

Performance Indicator no 8.1.4	
Indicator title	Number of capital project appraisal reports completed
	Provide advice on capital projects as agreed with relevant stakeholders in the National Treasury and line departments.
Short definition	Capital projects relate to large multi-year projects in respect of key
	government infrastructure, such as infrastructure required for the
	provision of water and energy to all citizens. The indicator measures the degree to which the CPU is researching
	and completing reports on capital projects. Large capital projects
	require a focused and coherent approach to resolve challenges
Purpose/importance	proactively and appropriately. Key decisions on these matters have a
	strategic impact which could involve significant monetary value and
	which influence service delivery with long-term financial implications.
Source/collection of data	Project List on the i-drive/ GTAC Intranet and capital projects advisory
	report.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of capital project appraisal reports completed.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	5 capital project appraisal reports completed.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: National Capital Projects Appraisal Unit.

Performance Indicator no 8.1.5	
Indicator title	Number of performance and expenditure reviews supported
	Public Expenditure and Policy Analysis reviews seek to investigate the resourcing and performance of government operations, in relation to the applicable policy.
	Support includes the following: -Summarize and promote uptake and utilisation with stakeholder groups on PER's already completed
Short definition	-Training course of the Baseline Assessment and Costing of New Policies for either national departments, provincial departments, national treasury, provincial treasuries, parliamentary research staff
	and other interested parties. -Production of the Inforgraphics - A new approach of 'infographics—short hand graphical display of main finance points
	-Infographics of the completed PERs are produced and presented on the Technical Committee for Finance and Budget Council ForumPresenting the PERs on the TCFs meeting and workshops in the provincial departments, national departments and provincial treasuries
Purpose/importance	-Update PER costing models and remuneration expenditure analysis The Public Expenditure and Policy Analysis offers government the ability to re-calibrate, where necessary, the extent of resources to deliver on selected policies of government The policy custodian is engaged in the review and involved in the development of scenarios to achieve objectives most efficiently.
Source/collection of data	Project register list on the I-Drive and GTAC Intranet.
Method of calculation	Simple count of performance and expenditure reviews supported.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	5 Performance and Expenditure reviews supported.
Indicator responsibility	Head: Public Expenditure and Policy Analysis.

Local government financial management improvement

Indicator title	Number of technical advisors placed at national treasury,
	provincial treasuries and municipalities through the Municipal
	Finance Improvement Programme (MFIP)
	MFIP III programme is meant to support municipalities and provincial
Short definition	treasuries through placement of advisors to build institutional capacity
	to deliver on the MFMA reforms.
Purpose/importance	To assist municipalities build their capacity to deliver under the MFMA
i dipose/importance	reforms.
Source/collection of data	Appointment letters of technical advisors.
Source/conection of data	Consolidated Quarterly MFIP III Progress Reports.
	Simple count of the number of MFIP technical advisors placed or
Method of calculation	maintained at national treasury, provincial treasuries and municipalities.
	This is a number of technical advisors placed in a year.
	Minimal data limitation as this is compiled using adopted and agreed-
Data limitations	upon provincial and municipal support plans which contain targets of
	achievement against identified outcomes.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	Yes.
Desired performance	60 technical advisors placed or maintained at national treasury,
	provincial treasuries and municipalities through the Municipal Finance
	Improvement Programme (MFIP).
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Capacity Building, MFIP III Programme Management
indicator responsibility	Unit.

Performance Indicator no 8.2.1	
	Number of technical advisors placed at national treasury,
Indicator title	provincial treasuries and municipalities through the Municipal
	Finance Improvement Programme (MFIP).
	The MFIP programme is meant to support municipalities through the
	placement of technical advisors at national treasury, provincial
Short definition	treasuries and municipalities to build institutional and technical
	capacity to deliver on the MFMA and related municipal financial
	management reforms.
D	To assist municipalities to develop their institutional and technical
Purpose/importance	capacity to deliver under the municipal financial management reforms.
O	Appointment letters of technical advisors.
Source/collection of data	Consolidated Quarterly MFIP III Progress Reports.
	Simple count of the number of MFIP technical advisors placed or
Method of calculation	maintained at national treasury, provincial treasuries and municipalities.
	This is a number of technical advisors placed at any given quarter.
	Minimal data limitation as this is compiled using adopted and agreed-
Data limitations	upon provincial and municipal support plans which contain targets of
	achievement against identified outcomes.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Yes.
Desired performance	60 technical advisors placed at national treasury, provincial treasuries
	and municipalities through the Municipal Finance Improvement
	Programme (MFIP).
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: MFIP III Programme Management Unit.

Promotion of urban integration and neighbourhood Development

	Number of urban integration and neighbourhood development
Indicator title	initiatives supported
Short definition	Promotion of urban integration and neighbourhood development.
Purpose/importance	Promote public and private investment in city development, integrated urban networks and neighbourhood development initiatives.
Source/collection of data	 Plans are collected, reviewed by the NDPP and the status reflected via an Acceptance Letter. Deliverables are stored as records within the NDPP Unit File plan structure. Built Environment Performance Plans (BEPP) submitted by the municipalities.
Method of calculation	Simple count.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	46 urban integration and neighbourhood development initiatives supported.
Indicator responsibility	 Head: Neighbourhood Development Partnership Programme Cities Support Programme. Chief Directorate: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure

Performance Indicator no 8.3.1	
Indicator title	Number of investment plans completed
Short definition	Detailed planning, design and management of precincts within the urban networks as identified by municipalities using a Transit Oriented Development approach, as outlined in the NDP Unit's Urban Hub Design Toolkit.
Purpose/importance	 The purpose of investment plans are to: Identify land uses and reflect the long-term strategic spatial transformation plans at precinct level. Lead to the identification and prioritisation of the Intergovernmental Project Pipeline. Lead to the identification of non-capital interventions to unlock investment in precincts. Identify and unlock both public and private sector leverage. Lead to the ongoing sustainable management of the precinct by stakeholders.
Source/collection of data	Precinct Investment Plan Acceptance via Minutes of Precinct Review Sessions – NDP File Plan Structure (i-drive).
Method of calculation	Simple count.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	4 investment plans completed.
Indicator responsibility	Head: Neighbourhood Development Partnership Programme.

Performance Indicator no 8.3.2	
Indicator title	Number of catalytic projects approved
Short definition	Catalytic project components are identified within strategic nodes, urban hubs, and secondary linkages as part of the precinct planning phase and also in rural areas. A list of prioritised catalytic projects (name, scope, completion dates and costs estimates) is developed in each identified Urban Hub precinct. Projects from the list are given "permission to proceed with implementation planning" as a result are regarded as approved.
Purpose/importance	 The purpose of approving catalytic projects are to: Link a municipality's development objectives and strategic planning processes to physical projects on the ground. Target investment and development within strategically well-located areas to ensure value for money and to optimise impact. Sequence the delivery and budgeting of identified and prioritised projects at the precinct level. Ensure that the projects contribute as a catalytic investment to achieve a return of investment at third party leverage at the precinct level. Improve the quality of life and the levels of access to opportunity for residents in South Africa's under-served neighbourhoods.
Source/collection of data	Permission to Proceed with Planning (Project Approval Correspondence to municipalities) – NDP MIS.
Method of calculation	Simple count of the approved catalytic projects.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	20 catalytic projects approved.
Indicator responsibility	Head: Neighbourhood Development Partnership Programme.

Performance Indicator no 8.3.3	
Indicator title	Number of programmes in Integration Zones identified for planning
Short definition	Within the integration zones cities need to identify, plan and implement catalytic projects. These projects must be integrated (mixed land use, mixed income, leverage investment from the private sector (households/business) and hence form part of larger infrastructure / land development programmes.
Purpose/importance	Many projects are generally planned sectorally and the synergies and efficiencies (with regarding financing and outcomes) that can be generated through integration are not realised. Programme planning is a critical part of the land development cycle. By undertaking the programme planning, a pipeline of projects is being developed and provides an indication of the potential number of projects that could be implemented.
Source/collection of data	Built Environment Performance Plans submitted by municipalities.
Method of calculation	Simple count of the number of programmes in Integration zones as reflected in the BEPP submitted to NT.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	12 programmes in Integration Zones identified for planning.
Indicator responsibility	 Cities Support Programme Chief Directorate : Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure

Performance Indicator no 8.3.4	
Indicator title	Number of programmes in Integration Zones under Implementation
	The integration zones are spatially targeted areas for infrastructure
Short definition	investment by the cities sometimes in partnership with the private sector.
Onort definition	The implementation phase of the projects includes detailed design,
	construction and close out/ completion.
	Many projects are generally financed and implemented sectorally and
	the synergies and efficiencies (with regard to financing and sustainability
Purpose/importance	etc) that can be generated through integration are not realised. It is
	important to measure the number of projects being implemented as this
	relates to the expenditure of the grant finance
	They are reflected in the Built Environment Performance Plans (BEPP)
Source/collection of data	of the municipalities and submitted to National Treasury on a yearly
	basis.
Method of calculation	Simple count of the number of projects under implementation in
Method of calculation	integration zones reflected in the BEPP submitted to NT for the year.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Bi-annually.
New indicator	Revised.
Desired performance	10 programmes in Integration Zones under Implementation.
Indicator responsibility	Cities Support Programme
indicator responsibility	CD : Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure.

Strategic Objective 8.4 Facilitation of employment creation and inclusive growth		
Performance Indicator no 8.	Performance Indicator no 8.4	
Indicator title	Number of permanent jobs created (cumulative across the term of project)	
	Denotes the number of projected new permanent jobs that Jobs Fund Partners endeavoured to facilitate over their contracted implementation lifecycle.	
Short definition	"New" – A job that previously did not exist in an organisation which Jobs Fund Partners endeavoured to realise as per their applications approved by the Investment Committee.	
	"Permanent" – A permanent job refers to a job with an employment tenure of 12 months or more.	
Purpose/importance	The facilitation of employment creation and inclusive growth. The Jobs Fund intends to catalyse innovative and new approaches to the creation of sustainable jobs. This indicator demonstrates the progressive realisation of this Jobs Fund objective through the self-reporting of realised jobs which the Jobs Fund Partners endeavoured to create over the projects' contracted life cycle, in terms of agreed-to activities and outputs.	
Source/collection of data	Employment contracts or any other means of verification (including proxy measures) agreed to between the Jobs Fund and the Jobs Fund Partners.	
Method of calculation	Simple count of permanent jobs created by projects.	
Data limitations	Contracted numbers: The data are accurate to the extent that projects have endeavoured to facilitate the realisation of the quantum of anticipated jobs as approved by the Investment Committee. Contracted numbers can change (through IC approval) post approval and in the course of implementation as the exact number of jobs to be realised cannot be predicted. These changes can be on account of several factors, which may include: Economic growth, sector challenges that hinder performance; availability of sufficient matched funding which may impact on the project size; exchange rate; project terminations; project withdrawals; lapsed approval offers; etc.	

	Self-reported job numbers: The data are accurate to the extent that projects have reported valid and reliable information to the Jobs Fund. The Jobs Fund collects a sample of agreed-to evidence in support of these numbers. These figures can change post reporting on account of a variety of reasons which may include; evidence verification and compliance checks as well as project audit outcomes.
Type of indicator	Outcome.
Calculation type	Cumulative (project inception to date).
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	150,000 permanent jobs created (cumulative across the term of project).
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Employment Facilitation.

Performance Indicator no 8.4.1	
Indicator title	Number of Jobs Fund projects approved (cumulative across the term
indicator title	of project)
Short definition	Denotes the number of project applications approved by the Investment
	Committee per funding round from inception of the Fund to date.
	To track the number of applications that have successfully met the Jobs
Purpose/importance	Fund's competitive requirements and the extent to which the Jobs Fund is
	progressively meeting its strategic imperatives.
Source/collection of data	A list of the approved jobs fund projects or Investment Committee Minutes
	and decision records.
Method of calculation	Simple count of all the applications that have been approved at a sitting of
	the Investment Committee meeting.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Cumulative (from project inception to date).
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	150 Jobs Fund projects approved (cumulative across the term of project).
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Employment Facilitation.

Performance Indicator no 8.4.2	
Indicator title	Grant funding approved (cumulative across the term of project).
Short definition	Denotes the quantum (in Rand value terms) of: Grant funds that has been allocated (Committed) for the implementation of approved portfolio projects.
Purpose/importance	Represents the amount of grant funds committed to approved projects relative to the total MTEF allocations for grant awarding by the Jobs Fund.
Source/collection of data	Data is collected from Investment Committee Decision Records and meeting Minutes
Method of calculation	Simple count of the total approved grant amount to be used for the implementation of approved projects.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Cumulative (project inception to date).
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	R 7 880m grant funding approved.
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Employment Facilitation.

Performance Indicator no 8.4.3	
Indicator title	Matched funding committed (cumulative across the term of
	project)
Short definition	Denotes the quantum (in Rand value terms) of:
	Matched funding committed by Jobs Fund Partners.
Purpose/importance	Represents the matched funding committed to approved projects by
Tanpood, importanto	the Jobs Fund Partners.
Source/collection of data	Data is collected from Investment Committee Decision Records and
	meeting Minutes.
	Simple count of the:
Method of calculation	Total committed matched funding as reflected in Investment
	Committee Meeting Minutes and decision record.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Cumulative (from project inception to date).
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	Amended to include matched funding committed.
Desired performance	R 7 880m matched funding committed (cumulative across the term
	of project).
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Employment Facilitation.

Performance Indicator no 8.4.4	
Indicator title	New jobs contracted (cumulative across the term of project)
Short definition	Denotes the number of projected new permanent jobs that Jobs Fund Partners endeavour to facilitate over their contracted implementation lifecycle. "New" – A job that does not currently exist in an organisation which Jobs Fund Partners endeavour to realise as per their applications approved by the Investment Committee.
	"Permanent" – A permanent job refers to a job with an employment tenure of 12 months or more.
Purpose/importance	The facilitation of employment creation and inclusive growth. The Jobs Fund intends to catalyse innovative and new approaches to the creation of sustainable jobs. This indicator highlights the anticipated jobs which the Jobs Fund Partners endeavour to create over the projects' contracted life cycle, in terms of agreed-to activities and outputs.
Source/collection of data	Signed grant agreements with Jobs Fund Partners.
Method of calculation	Simple count of new jobs contracted (Cumulative across the term of project).
Data limitations	The data are accurate to the extent that projects have adequately projected the quantum of anticipated jobs to be created. These numbers can change (through Investment Committee approval) post approval and in the course of implementation as the exact number of jobs to be realised cannot be predicted. These changes can be on account of several factors, which may include: Economic growth, sector challenges that hinder performance; availability of sufficient matched funding which may impact of the project size; exchange rate; project terminations; project withdrawals; lapsed approval offers; etc.
Type of indicator	Outcome.
Calculation type	Cumulative (from project inception to date).
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	150 000 new jobs contracted (cumulative across the term of project).
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Employment Facilitation.

Performance Indicator no 8.4.5	
Indicator title	Number of placements contracted (cumulative across the term of project).
Short definition	Denotes the number of projected job placements (with and beyond project partners) that Jobs Fund Partners endeavour to facilitate over their contracted project life cycle.
Purpose/importance	The facilitation of employment creation and inclusive growth. The Jobs Fund intends to catalyse innovative and new approaches to the facilitation of sustainable jobs. This indicator highlights the anticipated placements which the Jobs Fund Partners endeavour to facilitate over the projects' contracted life cycle, in terms of agreed-to activities and outputs.
Source/collection of data	As per signed grant agreements.
Method of calculation	Simple count of new placements contracted (Cumulative across the term of project).
Data limitations	The data will be accurate to the extent that projects have adequately projected the quantum of anticipated job placements to be facilitated. These numbers can change (through IC approval) post approval and in the course of implementation as the exact number of placements cannot be predicted. Changes to these numbers can be on account of several factors, which may include: Economic growth, sector challenges that hinder performance, availability of demand, project terminations, withdrawals, lapsed approval offers, etc.
Type of indicator	Outcome.
Calculation type	Cumulative (from project inception to date).
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	105 000 placements contracted (cumulative across the term of project).
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Employment Facilitation.

Performance Indicator no 8.4.6	
Indicator title	Number of training opportunities contracted (cumulative across the term of project).
Short definition	Denotes the number of training opportunities that Jobs Fund Partners endeavour to offer project participants over the projects' contracted lifecycle.
Purpose/importance	As part of its holistic value proposition, the Jobs Fund seeks to, amongst other things; improve the employability of the beneficiaries that participate in Jobs Fund supported projects.
Source/collection of data	Signed grant agreements with Jobs Fund Partners
Method of calculation	Simple count of training opportunities contracted (cumulative across the term of project).
Data limitations	The data are accurate to the extent that projects have adequately projected the quantum of beneficiaries that will successfully complete training interventions. These numbers can change (through Investment Committee approval) post approval and in the course of implementation, as the exact number of beneficiaries to successfully complete training cannot be predicted. Changes can be on account of several factors, which may include: sector challenges that hinder performance, demand from employers, project terminations, withdrawals, lapsed approval offers, etc.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Cumulative (from project inception to date).
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	240 000 training opportunities contracted.
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Employment Facilitation.

Performance Indicator no 8.4.7	
Indicator title	Value of grant funding disbursed (cumulative across the term of project)
Short definition	Denotes the Rand-value of grant funding disbursed to contracted Jobs Fund projects.
Purpose/importance	The Jobs Fund operates on an advance disbursement principle in its dealings with its Partners on a quarterly basis. Disbursements enable the projects to undertake their implementation plan activities, which are converted to outputs and these in turn are converted to the desired outcomes. Tracking the flow of disbursement is important in ensuring that the Jobs Fund projects are on course to meet their quarterly and ultimately overall contracted results.
Source/collection of data	As per grants disbursement banking records.
Method of calculation	Simple count of the sum of all payments made to eligible Jobs Fund projects.
Data limitations	The data will be accurate to the extent that the projects request disbursements as per their disbursement schedule; however this may be impacted on by projects that have not accurately projected expenditure, external (environment and internal project challenges); change in project implementation model.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Cumulative (from project inception to date).
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	R 5 015m grant funding disbursed (cumulative across the term of project).
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Employment Facilitation.

Performance Indicator no 8.4.8	
Indicator title	Number of Jobs Fund evaluation reports and dissemination of
	learning conducted
	Denotes the design, set up and management of monitoring and
Short definition	evaluation systems and processes that systematically collect,
Short definition	analyse and disseminate key information on the performance of
	portfolio projects during and post implementation.
	One of the key Jobs Fund mandate objectives is the piloting of
	innovative and inclusive approaches to job creation. This indicator
	enables the Jobs Fund to systematically collect and decipher critical
Purpose/importance	information on the effectiveness of different project models of
	change, and to better understand their delivery challenges and
	successes. This knowledge will assist future Jobs Fund decision
	making and could inform future government policy on job creation.
Source/collection of data	Comparative Studies, Evaluation Reports and Learning Forum
Source, concention of data	agenda.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of Jobs Fund evaluation reports and
moniou or surculation	dissemination of learning conducted.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annually.
New indicator	No.
Desired performance	2 project evaluation reports and 1 learning event conducted.
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Employment Facilitation.

Strategic Objective 8.5	
Improved infrastructure planning, management and skills development	
Performance Indicator no 8.5	5
Indicator title	Number of capacity improvement initiatives in infrastructure
maioator titic	planning, management and skills development done
	Initiatives to support the improvement of capability to efficiently plan,
	procure, deliver, and maintain infrastructure.
	Initiatives to support the improvement of capability to efficiently plan,
	procure, deliver, and maintain infrastructure.
	Initiatives offered by IDIP:
	Technical Assistants support to provincial departments and to
	institutionalise the Infrastructure Delivery Management System
	(IDMS);
Chart definition	Training and workshops conducted on IDMS to government
Short definition	officials;
	Workshops conducted on Standards for Infrastructure
	Procurement and Delivery Management (SIPDM) to government
	officials;
	Training on Infrastructure Delivery Management Toolkit (IDMT);
	and
	Review and update of a Model (Infrastructure Progression
	Model) to assist provincial departments to improve capability
	and performance through the Improvement Plans.
Purpose/importance	Improved infrastructure planning, management and skills development.
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers.
	Simple count of capacity improvement initiatives in infrastructure
Method of calculation	planning, management and skills development conducted.
Data limitations	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Annually.
New indicator	No.
	1007 capacity improvement initiatives in infrastructure planning,
Desired performance	management and skills development done.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure.

Performance Indicator 8.5.1	
Indicator title	Percentage response to procure approved Professional Service
	Providers to assist with institutionalising the IDMS
Short definition	Procurement of Professional Service Providers (PSP) to assist with the
	implementation of the IDMS. PSP are approved through the approval of
	the TORs by the Resource Management Committee (RMC).
Purpose/importance	Procured PSP to assist with the institutionalisation of the IDMS and to
	support the improvement of infrastructure planning, procurement,
	delivery, and maintenance capacity for purposes of efficient and
	effective infrastructure delivery and maintenance.
Source/collection of data	Professional Service Providers' signed contracts.
Method of calculation	Number of approved requests for procurement of professional service
	providers responded to x100
	Total number of approved requests for procurement of professional service
	providers received
Data limitation	None.
Type of indicator	Output.
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.
New indicator	Yes.
Desired performance	100% response to requests to procure approved Professional Service
	Providers to assist with institutionalising the IDMS.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure.

Performance Indicator 8.5.2		
Indicator title	Number of officials trained on the infrastructure delivery	
	management system initiatives	
Short definition	Training of public sector officials that are involved in the delivery of	
	infrastructure on the following initiatives:	
	Infrastructure Progression Model (IPM);	
	Knowledge Management (KM);	
	Infrastructure Delivery Management Programme (IDMP);	
	 Infrastructure Reporting Model (IRM); 	
	Human Resource Capacitation;	
	 Infrastructure Delivery Management System (IDMS); and 	
	Standard for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery	
	Management (SIPDM).	
	To improve provincial government capacity to plan, procure, deliver,	
Purpose/importance	maintain, manage and report on infrastructure. Ultimately this will	
	contribute to improving the government's capability to deliver on	
	infrastructure mandate.	
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers.	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of delegates that attended each initiative.	
Data limitations	Incomplete attendance registers.	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly.	
New indicator	Revised.	
Desired performance	500 officials trained on the infrastructure delivery management system	
	initiatives.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure.	

Performance Indicator 8.5.3		
Indicator title	Number of graduates in training for professional registration	
Short definition	The number of graduates in training as per the requirements of the respective statutory councils. In training defined as already enrolled for professionalisation but not yet obtained professional registration.	
Purpose/importance	The indicator is meant to show gradual progression of graduates from registration (as candidates) right through to becoming registered professionals in their respective fields.	
Source/collection of data	Database of graduates.	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of graduates in training for professional registration.	
Data limitations	 Inconsistencies in the information reported by municipalities. Some municipalities are not complying to the grant framework. 	
Type of indicator	Output.	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.	
Reporting cycle	Annually.	
New indicator	No.	
Desired performance	500 graduates in training for professional registration.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure	

Performance Indicator 8.5.4	Performance Indicator 8.5.4		
Indicator title	Number of capacity improvement initiatives undertaken to support		
	infrastructure delivery		
Short definition	Initiatives to support the improvement of capability to efficiently plan, procure, deliver, and maintain infrastructure. Initiatives are as follows: Training and workshops conducted on IDMS to officials through IDMP; Workshops conducted on Standards for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management (SIPDM) to government officials; Identifying, capturing, and documenting of knowledge and good practices that will assist provinces to institutionalise the IDMS; Review and update a web based reporting system (IRM); Co-funding the filling of posts to support and sustain the IDMS Update and review of the IDMS which assist provinces with processes and guidelines to deliver infrastructure; and		
	Review and update of a Model (Infrastructure Progression Model) to assist provincial departments to improve capability and performance through the Improvement Plans. Improve the capability to plan, procure, deliver, and maintain infrastructure to contribute to improved performance and value for money		
Purpose/importance	on infrastructure spending as well as to optimize the allocation of financial resources directed to infrastructure delivery and maintenance.		
Source/collection of data	Improvement initiative's project charter or signed Bi-lateral Agreements.		
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of project charters or Agreements.		
Data limitations	None.		
Type of indicator	Output.		
Calculation type	Non-cumulative.		
Reporting cycle	Annually.		
New indicator	No.		
Desired performance	7 capacity improvement initiatives undertaken to support infrastructure delivery.		
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure.		